



ary forces are operating. It is believed that is considerable likelihood the remainder of the outlaw band will be found.

The trail is still considered hot and the search of every mountain, canyon, pass, and trail has been continued.

Carter, business man of the Big Bend district, started a movement today to urge that Capt. Matlack be awarded the congressional medal of honor for saving the life of Lieut. Paul H. Davis, when he rescued him from bandits last Monday night. Banker H. M. Fennell, who assisted in arranging the ransom money, is the leader of the movement.

#### CONFIDENCE IN CARRANZA.

Mexico City, Aug. 22.—President Carranza's name was accorded an expression of confidence by 189 members of the chamber of deputies, representing every state in the country.

#### NO REPLY TO MEXICO

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—President Wilson has not yet replied to Carranza's request that American troops be withdrawn from the bandit chase in Mexico.

At the state department today no information was offered as to when the Carranza protest would be answered, and the war department intimated it was given at the time the expedition into Mexico would return. Secretary Baker said there was nothing to be announced except that the punitive expedition was still operating in pursuance of original orders.

It was generally believed in official quarters that the Carranza protest will be answered after the American expedition has been given ample time to search the Mexican north country for the bandits. When news finally is received, it is probable it will be returned to United States soil.

The reply, it is believed, will express regret that it is necessary for this government to send troops into Mexico, but will also say that troops will be sent whenever circumstances demand their presence to protect Americans in danger or to run down criminals who have assaulted Americans.

#### May Nationalize Oil Wells.

The petroleum situation in Mexico is still of absorbing interest to the government here, and the latest information reaching the state department on the subject is that the Carranza government intends to carry out the program for nationalizing petroleum deposits.

It is indicated by statements recently made by members of Carranza's cabinet, and which have just reached the state department.

Newspaper comment in Mexico City and personal communications from prominent Mexicans show there is a demand on the part of most elements in Mexico that the petroleum problem be solved at once. It is declared that it is imperative that this be done because of the danger of intervention. A fact that has interested officials here is the position taken by the Mexican congress in defying Carranza and his cabinet. Senator Raynor, leader of the government party and who on taking over the direction of Democrats changed it from a German mouthpiece, said, on addressing the senate during consideration of the petroleum bill:

"Sound judgment demands that we give heed to another precept of the constitution, which says that no law may have retroactive effect; we should seek to avoid the danger of the enactment of a law that contravenes this provision."

#### Carranza Man Quits.

Douglas, Ariz., Aug. 22.—Gen. P. Elias Calles, governor of Sonora, has resigned his post in the cabinet of President Venustiano Carranza as minister of industry, commerce, and labor, according to *Excelsior*, a Mexico City newspaper, which reached Douglas today. The resignation, according to the newspaper, followed bitter press criticism of Gen. Calles as unfit for the position because of his lack of knowledge of the petroleum industry, control of which centers in his department.

#### GUERRILLA WAR GERMAN LABEL ON SILESIAN REVOLT.

BERLIN, Aug. 19.—[Delayed.]—[By the Associated Press.]—The Prussian ministry is convinced, the Lokal Anzeiger says today, that what is called "the Polish insurrection" in Upper Silesia is merely guerrilla warfare carried on by bands of outlaws, and is without political significance.

The authorities, however, it is said, consider the situation there still sufficiently serious to warrant sending reinforcements, if only for the purpose of defending the frontier and interrupting the lines of communication between the insurgents and the Poles.

Several government outposts are reported to have been shot by insurgent snipers. Four Polish insurgents were summarily executed at Brobek.

#### REDS SLAUGHTER 311 PERSIANS IN ARMENIAN CITY.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—[By the Associated Press.]—Details have reached here of the murder by Bolsheviks of 310 Persian consular agents at Armavir, Armenia, together with 310 Persian subjects of whom 270 were Mohammedans and forty Christians.

When the volunteer army evacuated Armavir July 27, according to the reports, the Bolsheviks called Ibadullayev, beg out, shot him down, and mutilated his body with swords and bayonets.

The Bolsheviks then herded together all the Persians who had taken shelter under the protection of the Persian flag and shot them, an mass, with machine guns, then buried them, partly in the consular grave yard and partly in a common pit.

#### GERMANS PLAN TO SINK FLEET AND BURN ZEPPELINS.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]  
[Copyright: 1918: By the Tribune Company.]

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The German army and its officers are predicting attempts to duplicate the sinking of the battle fleet introduced in Scapa Flow.

American officers, leaving Scapa Flow, homeward bound have been told to watch for news of two events—sinking of the rest of the fleet Germany is required by the peace terms to deliver to the allies, and burning up the Zeppelins which also must be turned over.

#### BRITISH RAISE PERMANENT BAR TO YANKEE GOODS.

#### Lloyd George's Announcement Has a Great Big Joker in It.

#### BY HENRY HYDE.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

[Copyright: 1918: By the Tribune Company.]

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Announcement by Prime Minister Lloyd George that the embargoes against the import of foreign goods into Great Britain will be removed on Sept. 1 may easily mislead American business men. Without explanation the statement does not represent the facts. Actually, it is likely the barrier against manufactured goods from the United States will remain in most lines as high as it has been.

In the first place, while general and sweeping embargoes will be dropped on Sept. 1, power will be put into the hands of the board of trade—English department of commerce—to bar out practically any product which it thinks wise. Indirectly, by establishing individual embargoes against products of all kinds of the so-called "key industries," the British government is embarking on a policy of high, even protective, taxation in favor of what we used to call "infant industries."

**Embargoes to Be Laid.**

Embargoes will be laid against all products essential to the conduct of war, or for the prosecution of war, against products of industries which were "so neglected before the war that there was an inadequate supply of products," against products of industries "for the fostering and promotion of which the government found it necessary to take special steps during the war," and finally—the point which would seek to cover practically everything else—all industries from which, "if government support was withdrawn, the industry could not maintain itself at a level of production essential to the national life."

British manufacturers know quite as much about using influence as those of our own land, and he will be a stupid man who cannot find a place for his own product under one of the headings mentioned above. The document from which they are quoted was drawn by Prime Minister Lloyd George just before he left for his holiday in France, in order to calm down British business men, who were themselves misled and were frightened by the announcement of the prime minister in the commons.

#### Help Necessary for Some Years.

The prime minister says it may be necessary for the government to continue to assist these industries for some years. Apparently, so far as it is possible, the government will not interfere with this parliament's role over and plays dead at the word of command.

Great Britain has embarked on a permanent policy of high protection.

Furthermore, the policy of embargoes, under which imports are permitted only on issuance of a special license and payment of a special license fee, is now a special tax measure, and this is still in force, and there is no sign of its repeal. Also, the falling rate of exchange between the British pound sterling and the American dollar acts as a further additional on all goods. For \$4.86 worth of American goods the British paid to pay for \$1. Now he pays the same pound for \$4.10 or \$4.20 worth.

That means constantly rising prices here in the United Kingdom, and all newspapers are printing warnings of hard times during the coming winter. It is expected that in the next few weeks and yesterday in Scotland oatmeal—the standard food of the hardy northerners—made the most sensational advance in history, the selling price rising 25 per cent in twenty-four hours.

It is significant and startling that one country from which Great Britain imports only 10 per cent of its coal, for there the British pound will pay for more than \$20 worth of goods.

Another Bar to U. S.

To make things still more difficult for American exporters, the new British policy of preferential tariffs within the empire and its colonies goes into force on Sept. 1. All natural products grow or produced within the empire, including such things as sugar, molasses, tea, coffee, preserves and dried fruits, tobacco, and gasoline will only have to pay five-sixths of the tariff imposed on similar imports coming from other lands.

In manufactured articles the discrimination is even greater. Motor cars, clocks, and watches from within the empire are relieved of one-third the regular tariff. Goods manufactured within the empire and its colonies bought elsewhere are given this favorable discrimination provided from 25 to 26 per cent of the manufacturing cost is due to labor within the British empire.

Timber is one of Poland's best assets. Her forests in the east, Maj. Shuman says, are her first securities when she wishes to import goods on credit. These forests are almost virgin despite all the Germans could do, and if their logs are floated down the river system to Danzig the country will effected a tremendous saving in transportation.

Of equal importance is Poland's need for 240,000 tons of seagoing bottoms. The British are amply supplied with these bottoms, and the American needs little.

These ships are of prime importance to Poland as she takes her first toddling commercial steps. Danzig is the chief port of Poland. But Danzig's docking and warehouse facilities are so few that it is urgent that goods do not pile up there awaiting insufficient relief by rail, which suffers from a dearth of rolling stock.

#### Vast Forests as Security.

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# S SENATORS SHANTUNG TURNED OVER

**WAGES, 'HI COST,'  
NECK AND NECK  
IN ENDLESS RACE**

New York Report Shows  
How They've Stood  
Since 1914.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.

The endurance Marathon run between wages and Hi Cost, known variously as the "vicious circle," the "squirrel in a cage," the "merry-go-round," the "monkey climbing a rope movement," and the "economic treadmill," was never better depicted than in a report just issued by the New York state industrial commission.

In cold figures it sets forth the climbing contest month by month from June, 1914, up to last March. The survey covers 1,000 establishments with 60,000 employees, representative of all factories in the state of New York. From the data the commission compiled a table showing by months the average weekly earnings and the retail prices of foods.

"Hi Cost" Takes Lead.

For the first few months of the war period food prices were wages, but by March, 1915, wages had made one point ahead. From then up to August, 1916, it was neck and neck, the lead constantly changing. Hi Cost then began to move ahead, and from August, 1916, until February, 1919, it kept ahead of wages.

Every time wages put on a spurt, Hi Cost shook a leg, too, and every time Hi Cost extended itself the jockey put the spurs to wages. By March Hi was a nose ahead. It had traveled 77 points from the pre-war starting point, while wages had trotted 75 points.

Here's the Race Chart.

Here are the figures—they may look as dead as the multiplication table, but actually they're almost as good as a horse race or the box scores:

1914.

	Aver. Retail Weekly Food Earnings. Prices.
June	98 100
July	99 103
August	99 106
September	99 108
October	97 100
November	99 106
December	99 106

Average for year..... 99 105

1915.

	Aver. Retail Weekly Food Earnings. Prices.
January	98 104
February	98 102
March	100 99
April	99 100
May	100 101
June	101 101
July	102 101
August	102 101
September	101 102
October	105 104
November	106 105
December	106 106

Average for year..... 101 102

1916.

	Aver. Retail Weekly Food Earnings. Prices.
January	107 108
February	106 107
March	109 105
April	111 110
May	113 110
June	113 113
July	111 111
August	117 119
September	118 120
October	119 120
November	120 127
December	122 127

Average for year..... 111 115

1917.

	Aver. Retail Weekly Food Earnings. Prices.
January	129 129
February	121 131
March	124 134
April	125 135
May	127 136
June	128 134
July	127 147
August	129 151
September	134 152
October	135 153
November	139 157
December	139 159

Average for year..... 129 147

1918.

	Aver. Retail Weekly Food Earnings. Prices.
January	127 162
February	139 163
March	147 166
April	155 168
May	157 160
June	154 164
July	154 164
August	167 173
September	176 181
October	176 181
November	176 180
December	185 180

Average for year..... 139 170

1919.

	Aver. Retail Weekly Food Earnings. Prices.
January	181 187
February	174 174
March	175 177

Average for year..... 176 177

Deep, due to fed administrator's closing order.

Deep, due to closing of factories Nov. 11 (Armistice day).

Wages Go Up 71 Per Cent.

Also, a study just completed of union wage scales in the District of Columbia, including fifty-eight trades and occupations, by the bureau of labor statistics, shows that between May 15, 1915, and Aug. 9, 1919, the wage scale in force increased 71 per cent. This figure is the highest since the war started and variously estimated, the labor statistics bureau putting it at 80 per cent and the national industrial conference board placing it at 71 per cent.

In many occupations in the District of Columbia, too, union men were receiving considerably more than the union scale, and the real increase in wages paid by the bureau to be more than the 71 per cent in the tables.

The eastern figures are in a measure a barometer of the trend. In other cities—the higher cost of living has jumped; the higher wages have gone, and vice versa.

Get While Getting's Good.

As to whether the pinnacle has been reached, there are various opinions. But one of the most sagacious labor leaders in Chicago reflected yesterday: "It's this way. The workmen are beginning to think that we are now at the crest, and that soon there will be a subsideing of the cost of living prices. Once this starts they know wages can't be pushed higher, so the general movement in the groups is to above wages as high as possible while the showing is good" and before the receding movement strikes the prices of necessities. This explains much in the industrial unrest."

## Stock Yards Club Members Who Sought to Lift Riot Lid

Gathering That Was Later Dispersed by Police When Organization Attempted to Reopen After Chief Garrison Had Ordered Quarters Kept Closed as Result of Disorders During Recent Race Troubles.



## FORMER GERMAN ENVOY BRANDS WILSON 'WEAK'

Buenos Aires, Aug. 22.—Baron von Bismarck Haddenhausen, former German minister to Argentina, in an interview published by the Buenos Aires Herald, a newspaper printed in English, says that the indemnities provided for in the peace treaty will never be collected because they are so ridiculous and high that the league of nations will eventually annul or reduce them. He declares that it is only a matter of time until Germany will regain "her old place of supremacy."

"I am disappointed with President Wilson," he said. "He was not so much of a statesman as I imagined. This was apparent in the ease and lack of resistance with which he surrendered to the pretensions of Lloyd George and Clemenceau.

"Great Britain's separate treaty with Persia without notifying its allies indicates distrust of its allies, which, with the desire of the United States for a bigger army, brings out the members out in case of arrest. No arrests were made, however.

Altogether the clubs which are closed have a membership of about 7,000. Among those closed are the Aylward club at 478 Racine avenue; Gordon's club at Forty-seventh place and South Halsted street, and Lorraine at Forty-seventh street and Wentworth avenue.

One Defies Police.

But there is one that remains open, the Pelican at 468 Wallace street. Every once in a while a telephone at the stockyards station brought the following message last night:

"The Pelican's open. Please come over and arrest us."

But nobody went.

## Grants 10 Per Cent Raise to Aerial Mail Carriers

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 22.—A 10 per cent increase in all aerial mail salaries, effective Sept. 1, was announced tonight by Second Assistant Postmaster General Praeger, who was here attending a celebration of the tenth consecutive day of aerial mail service between here and Chicago.

ABOVE—BEFORE CLOSING.  
BELOW—AFTER CLOSING.

## PRODUCE MORE TO SOLVE H. C. L., C. A. C. PLEADS

Increased production is the best solution for the present industrial crisis.

This is the slogan of a publicity campaign that was launched yesterday in Chicago by the National Association of Commerce. The appeals are directed to employers, employees, trade journals and all others who are interested in production.

Similar campaigns are to be brought up at the conference of manufacturers, union officials, financial and other men which will take place in Chicago next month. It will also play a prominent part at the convention of the advertising clubs of the world, which is to take place at New Orleans during October.

"What good is money, when shelves are empty?" is one of the queries of those who are directing the campaign.

## Dump 400 Short Weight Scales 5 Miles Out in Lake

Two more women who prefer to go for a reception to its returned heroes, was visited last night by the meanest thief. The thief discovered the corn stalks used to camouflage telephone and electric light poles had not been divested of the ripe, choice ears of corn. He took the corn and departed.

Highland Park, decorated fittingly for a reception to its returned heroes, was visited last night by the meanest thief. The thief discovered the corn stalks used to camouflage telephone and electric light poles had not been divested of the ripe, choice ears of corn. He took the corn and departed.

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## HAVERLY, GONE WITH PYTHIANS' CASH, EX-CONVICT

Police Say He Served a Sentence in Nevada State Prison.

A man of unimpeachable integrity, absolute reliability, undoubted loyalty to our order, progressive, aggressive, a qualified executive, a man of broad vision, ample sympathy and unfailing energy.

Such was the description given of Paul J. B. Haverly by the grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias when the latter urged his selection as grand keeper of records and seals. Yesterday Detective Sergeants McFarland and Carlson identified him as an ex-convict.

Haverly is now being sought for embezzlement and forgery, involving in all more than \$40,000 of the funds belonging to the Knights of Pythias. He has not been seen since Aug. 6, when he left his child and invalid wife to go on a two weeks' vacation to Grand Haven, Mich.

### Sentenced to Nevada Prison.

On Feb. 14, 1909, Paul J. B. Haverly, alias Julius Hamburger, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Carson City, Nev., penitentiary for cashing worthless checks.

The record on this point is clear, and the detectives had no difficulty in recognizing the time server in the photographs of the grand keeper of records and seals.

Soon after his discharge from the Nevada penitentiary it is known that he came to Chicago. Here he slowly insinuated his way into the Pythian regard, first by taking an active executive interest in the fraternal baseball league, until he finally attained a reputation among the knights as being "a man of unimpeachable character, absolute reliability, undoubted loyalty to our order."

"Such a man is worthy of your support," advertised the committee—E. J. Stelling, William Breckenridge, and Joseph Strausser—when his lodge presented him as a candidate for reelection. That was in February.

### War Fund Missing.

Then a few weeks ago a check for \$30,000 in favor of Thomas Meares, national supreme master of the ex-chequer, failed to arrive. The check represented a portion of the war raffle fund of the lodge.

Smith L. Van Fossen of Beardstown, state grand chancellor, hurried to Chicago. He found that the sum of Mr. Meares had been turned on the check and the money drawn from the Harsch Trust and Savings bank. Moreover, more than \$10,000 had been taken from the general lodge fund on Haverly's checks. The grand keeper of the records and seal had disappeared.

The police expect to find him in Canada, as he originally came from Lechine, a town near Quebec. He was 4 feet 10 inches tall, looking older, weighed about 181 pounds, and was 5 feet 6 inches tall. One thousand dollars reward has been offered by the Knights of Pythias for his arrest and conviction.

"A man of singularly winning personality, who would go out of his way to accommodate a friend," said Mr. Van Fossen in discussing him.

"A jailbird—with a record," say Detective Sergeants McFarland and Carlson.

## COUNT MINOTTO ABIDES; WILL BE U. S. CITIZEN

New York, Aug. 22.—Instead of sailing yesterday for Copenhagen on the Frederick VIII., as reported, Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, Chicago packer, who was detained on a technical charge because of his birth in Germany, intends not only to remain in the United States but to renounce his Italian citizenship and become an American.

"Mr. James Minotto," as he prefers to be called, will apply for his final citizenship papers within a short time and drop his title. His friends, asserting his Americanism has been beyond question, say officials who were concerned in his case now stand ready to induce him to do so.

It was Count D. Minotto and Countess Minotto, his parents, who sailed yesterday en route for Italy. The count's name was confused with that of his son.

Count James Minotto will arrive in Chicago this morning accompanied by his wife and child. It is announced that Count Minotto, upon his return to this city, will apply immediately for his final papers for American citizenship.

### Fine Men for Illegally Using Car Transfers

Two men were fined \$1 and costs yesterday and four more were arrested charged with illegally obtaining and using street car transfers.

## HEILEMAN'S New Style Lager Is Snappy

Sold in Bottles and On Draught  
ORDER Chicago Branch 16th & Canal St.  
Phone CANAL 1234  
MAX. GOEDENRATH, Mgr.

## HEILEMAN'S New Style Lager Is Snappy

**"UNIMPEACHABLE"**  
So Said the Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Paul J. B. Haverly's "Integrity"; So Say the Police of Their Story of His Prison Record.



Paul J. B. Haverly (above), as he appeared in prison garb and (in insert) as he looked when seeking Pythian office.

## HAMMOND ASKS RECEIVER FOR ITS STREET RAILWAY

Hammond, Ind., Aug. 22.—With the Hammond, Whiting and East Chicago Street Railway company refusing additional service in exchange for permission to raise its fare to 7 cents, the city of Hammond today filed a petition for a receiver for the street railway company in the Crown Point Circuit court, after it had begun mandamus proceedings to force the company to resume the operation of its lines or lose its franchise.

### Seek to Raise Rates.

Aura, Ill., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The Aurora, Elgin, and Chicago Electric railroad is going to ask permission of the state public utilities commission to raise fares in Aurora and Elgin to 8 cents and to increase interurban rates on Fox river lines to 3 cents a mile to meet the 5 cents an hour increase granted the employees.

## FARM LABORER ADMITS OWING WOMEN \$23,228

Six women are named as creditors in a voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed yesterday for Copenhagen on the Frederick VIII., as reported. Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, Chicago packer, who was detained on a technical charge because of his birth in Germany, intends not only to remain in the United States but to renounce his Italian citizenship and become an American.

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1334 acres?

## JAIL OR FINE FOR HOARDER, HOUSE ACT PROVIDES

Food and Clothing in List; Rent Barely Escapes Inclusion.

(Continued from first page.)

ocratic platform of 1912 and from the president's speech accepting the nomination in that year, showing the pledges of the party relative to the high cost of living.

Cites Campaign Promises.

"O, we remember the campaign of 1912," continued Mr. Rodenberg. "We remember because you gained that election through absolute misrepresentation, and you have since failed to keep your faith with the people.

I recall how some Democratic politicians, when they were here in this audience, travelled from the rock-bound coast of the Atlantic to the peaceful shores of the Pacific, and with tears of sympathy courting down their brazen cheeks told the honest working man of this country, the horny-handed sons of toil, that if they elected Wilson president and got control of Congress, they would bring about a reduction in the high cost of living. They elected Wilson; they got control of congress. They reduced the tariffs; and up, up, steadily went the cost of living.

### "Get Back on the Track."

From the time that Mr. Wilson took the oath of office, from the day he took oath to enforce the laws of this country and to support the constitution, there has not been a single effort made to apply the Sherman anti-trust law to any of the scoundrels who are robbing us.

I appeal to the president to wake up and get his mind back on the track of domestic duty. I ask him to transfer his thought from Europe and her intrigues to America and her necessities. I ask him to wake dreaming about a spiritual brotherhood and to devote his time to our home problems, for the solution of which he was elected president."

Criticized by Mason and Mondell.

Representative Mason of Illinois attacked the president for keeping Illinois boys in Siberia as "a collection agency to enable money lenders to collect their interest."

He pledged himself to keep us out of war," said Mr. Mason, "and the other two men he kept out were Teddy Roosevelt and Leonard Wood."

Republican Floyd Mondell, the department of justice, two years to discover that there was no penalty attached to the profiteering section of the food control act.

### Charges Liberty of Prayer Invaded.

Defenders of the administration included Representative Heflin of Alabama, Ferris of Oklahoma, and Young of Texas. Mr. Heflin charged that the Republican leaders had instructed the blind chaplain of the house to omit any reference to the league of nations in his prayers.

### Indict Columbus Bakers.

Columbus, O., Aug. 22.—Four Columbus baking companies together with five officials of the companies were indicted for violating the Valentine anti-trust law by the Franklin county grand jury.

### One Swift Manager Fined.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 22.—William G. Fletcher, manager of the Cleveland branch of Swift & Co., Chicago packers, tonight was found guilty of violation of the Smith cold storage act by Municipal Judge Shlert. The maximum penalty of \$500 and costs for the first offense was imposed. The affidavit charged the defendant with keeping meats in cold storage longer than thirty days without obtaining a license. Fletcher will ask for a new trial.

The committee will be headed by Harry D. Wilson, commissioner of agriculture of Louisiana. It includes Justice P. J. T. Morrissey, secretary of the state board of agriculture, and E. F. Dickinson, who represents the sugar planters and the rice growers. Free transportation will be given to the Negroes and their families who wish to return to the plantations. Members of the committee have announced that they are not soliciting for laborers, but that they want their former workers to return.

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The largest liability is represented by a promissory note made out to Patrick Carey of Rochelle, Ill., for \$3,400. The note is for money borrowed and goods purchased throughout the last six years. The next largest item is a promissory note for \$2,500 made out to Anna Farrington of Rochelle, Ill. Other women's names appear in the petition as having loaned money to the farm hand at various times.

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## ACTORS REJOICE THOUGH MOVIES STRIKE FAILS

Managers Assailed at a Massmeeting at Aryan Grotto.

There is to be no movie strike. But that didn't dismay the artful actors, who mobilized last night at Aryan Grotto hall. They rejoiced over the strike that has closed every playhouse except the Olympic; mentioned the managers with scorn and pride, and declared:

The perspiring and coatless assembly concluded to go home shortly after Miss Francine Larrimore of "Scandal" delivered a speech. Others who spoke were Edwin Mordant, fifty minutes; Charles Edward Russell, eleven minutes, and Burt Churchill, five minutes. The acts all "went well."

Miss Larrimore was the only feminine star to attempt a speech. "I had to tell else man in my company wouldn't speak to me," she explained. There was no spotlight. There was no audience before her, only the rousing cheers of fellow strikers. So why should she care if Miss Grace Le Rue, Miss Zoe Barnett, and Miss Helen Rafferty "walked out" on her? Why, indeed!

"I never did this before," attempted Miss Larrimore, indicating stage fright. "But I have been reformed—ha, ha. I have always retained before the public some one else, but when I'm on a man in my company told me it was so with the soldiers and I thought of young Astor, young Armour, and young Cudahy, who were used to the blackstock, and I thought of how they went with the busboys and mingled with them in the same trench and had the same cooties. I knew we are all co-stars." She paused and there was no curtain call.

Was Super Once.

"You know I was a super once," she confessed, "and now I'm getting a lot of money, more than I deserve, but they give it to me and I have to take it."

At this point there was laughter from members of the gallery occupied by managers.

"I love all the managers," continued Miss Larrimore bravely, "and I know I'll be scolded for this and I know I'll be sued"—and she faltered, "but I had to speak." Her \$100 contribution to the Equity Aid and Help Fund was cheered.

Talks to Stage Hands.

Mr. Churchill, director of the strike and the night's performance, impressed most with his assurance to the stage hands and musicians that "when you boys ever need aid again we'll give it; you won't even have to ask it."

Edwin S. Mordant, who presided, then traced the Equity association's activities through fifty minutes of reminiscence, concluding with, "They say we are yellow and we are starved, but I say the actors are bound together with loyalty such as inspired men to go over the top."

Charles Edward Russell of socialist fame, obliged with a warning against newspaper influence, declaring, "I have known the tug of the counting room to reach me in high editorial positions and don't be frightened at newspaper articles."

No Movie Strike.

The day's events concluded with assurance for the film fans when the moving picture operators and theater janitors declined to join the strike. Unless the film men are summoned up later from New York they will not strike.

The hearing being staged in Master Signor Zeisler's court furnished the actors with their sole amusement of the day, the gallery of players being an ample one.

George Parsons, who played in "A Prince There Was," related how he had resigned from the Equity association at the instance of George M. Cohen and told of his loyalty to Cohen's cause.

George Kingsbury, theatrical manager; J. J. Rosenthal, manager of Woods' theater, and Grant Mitchell, an actor, were others to testify during the day. The hearing was continued until Monday morning.

The testimony of the character hearing related chiefly to John Fitzpatrick's remarks on Aug. 3 at the Morrison hotel, when the Equity association first met. Mr. Parsons, Mr. Kingsbury and others agreed Fitzpatrick called the managers "cunning scoundrels," and had asserted the judges can and have been bought.

### COHAN PLANS "UNION"

New York, Aug. 22.—George M. Cohan, theatrical Broadway's idol and a leading member of the Producing Managers' Protective association, to-night was on the verge of retiring from play production forever, to devote his life and \$100,000 of his fortune to the organization of a new "independent" actors' organization in an effort to break the actors' strike and keep the stage free from the control of organized labor.

In a letter to Louis Mann, chairman of a meeting of nearly 900 actors and actresses not members of the Actors' Equity association, Mr. Cohan intimated that he would resign from the managers' association and give himself entirely to the interests of the new organization.

At this afternoon's meeting of the "independent" actors, Mr. Cohan said:

"No matter how the wind blows, I do not think I shall ever produce another play. I am with you all in any movement for the betterment of the theater and to bring back the friendly relations between actors and managers."

Hugh Frayne, state organizer of the A. F. of L., declared at a meeting last night of 1,000 working actors that "we shall be glad to have Samuel Gompers enter this matter and settle it along the lines on which you wish it settled."

A fund of \$21,000 was raised at this meeting to provide for "actors who are temporarily impoverished because of the strike." Ethel Barrymore started at with \$500.

## When Art Yields to Necessity

Striking Actors as They Appear When Engaged in New Occupations They Have Taken Up Since Closing of Theaters by Strike.



### OPPOSES LIMIT OF 6% ON ROADS' NET EARNINGS

### STRIKE TIES UP ALL FREIGHT AT LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 22.—Because of a strike the Southern Pacific, Santa Fe, and Salt Lake systems were not attempting to move freight here tonight, but supplied some passenger service by using officials as switchmen. The Southern Pacific has placed an embargo on live stock and perishable freight billed to or through Los Angeles.

The striking employees of the Pacific Electric and Los Angeles Street Railways company demand release of the Union Pacific railroad, today before the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce. Mr. Lovett appeared before the committee at the Association of Railways Executive offices.

The suggestion, which I understand was made by one of the lawyers advocating the Warfield plan, that everything earned in excess of 6 per cent must be deemed wrong and as taken illegally from the shippers, is utterly preposterous," said Mr. Lovett.

#### Not Set by Any Law.

"Six per cent is a minimum on questions of confabulation, but there is no statute upon the books of congress and no statute of any state in this union, so far as I know or have reason to believe, that ever has declared that 6 per cent in any year shall be the limit of return upon any railroad investment."

If congress enacts any such law it will be judicial and not departure in this country. In my judgment it will put an end to the flow of new money into railroad enterprises. Who will put his money into a business involving such enormous risks, with no hope of reward in the event of success?"

"In dealing with railroad capital, haven't we in this country been indulging in much loose thinking and loose talk? I am not of the opinion about railroad property being devoted to a public use" and its being "affected with a public interest?"

#### Like Money in a Bank.

"The Southern Pacific repeatedly has declared that money invested in railroads is as much private property as money in a bank or as an investment in a home. It is subject to regulation, but not to confiscation."

Mr. Lovett said the whole railroad problem was one of new capital.

The so-called railroad problem, as it exists today is solely a question of American bohemia to take first for Russification the one industry that affects all the people."

Railroad employees, he added, do not understand the Plumb proposal, but when they do "they will repudiate it."

The capital necessary to keep up the



### Time to Wear Feather-Weight Soft Hats

SHOWN in a splendid variety of styles and colors correct for Autumn wear. The fine quality of these Hats will be appreciated by men who demand the best in Headwear.

\*4, \*5, \*6, \*7 \*8, to \*10

Main Floor.

### THE HUB Henry C. Lytton & Sons

State and Jackson—on the N. E. Corner

Today's  
Business  
Hours  
8:30 to 5:30

Today's  
Business  
Hours  
8:30 to 5:30

BRING DEPOSIT MONEY WITH YOU  
O. RUETER & CO.  
GROUND FLOOR, 32 N. DEARBORN ST.  
WE PAY SPOT CASH FOR LIBERTY BONDS OR  
PARTLY PAID UP CONTRACTS

## EBERT SWORN IN AMID 'LONG LIVE GERMAN PEOPLE'

Love for Home Land and  
Tribe Echoed at Inauguration.

BY HENRY WALES.  
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

(Copyright: 1919: By the Tribune Company.)

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Roumania will refuse to sign the Austrian treaty as drafted and will refuse to sign the Hungarian treaty, it embodies the same principles as the Austrian, according to a statement issued by an arriving in Paris from Bucharest today.

Roumanian public opinion will back up government opposition to the special conventions guaranteeing the rights of ethnic and religious minorities, and Premier Bratianu will receive national support by declining.

Furthermore, it is not believed any new government could be formed to agree with the demands at a new peace conference.

Herr Fehrenbach handed the president the document containing the oath which President Ebert recited with a firm voice.

Herr Fehrenbach said to the president:

"You came from the people and therefore you will ever be a faithful friend of the working people, to whom you have devoted your life-work. You will also be ever a shield to the fatherland, and you will be ready to serve and for the sake of which you have made a terrible and most painful sacrifice, seeing that four sons you sent to the colors two have not returned."

It is a thorny office which in the hardest times the fatherland laid upon your shoulders, but with an easy conscience you can claim to be free from all responsibility in the country's

written oath."

Merge Self in Empire.

President Ebert, in reply, said:

"This must remain to us the desire to build the motherland—deep love for the home land and the tribe out of which each of us sprang, and to this must be joined sacred labor for the whole and the placing of one's self in the empire's service. Every contradiction between the whole and the individual states vanishes there."

The emperor and our convention shall above all be freedom, but all freedom must have its law. We will jointly hold on to it. It will give us strength to testify for the new vital principle of the German nation—freedom and right."

"Farewell, Weimar!"

President Ebert's address evoked loud applause. Herr Fehrenbach then addressed the assembly as follows:

"We must now begin our principal task here was the constitution and inauguration of comprehensive legislation. The assembly's task was to build out of a heap of ruins a new edifice, the key to which is now in the people's hands—an edifice that offers to all parts of the nation modest but habitable quarters, and over which flies flag of freedom and justice. It is a task for the German people to manifest its will to live by the preservation of peace and order and by unsworn labor, logically holding together in the newly created state. In the hands of the people lies our fate. We believe in the German people."

Indissoluble Unity.

President Ebert accompanied by Herr Fehrenbach, the vice presidents, ministers, and deputies, went to the balcony of the theater and addressed the crowd. He said:

"A people equal and with equal rights—that is what today shall testify before all Germans. I now renew before you my oath of fealty to the people and the people's rights. Let us stand together in the field of hard struggle for life. Join me in a vow of this indissoluble unity so that from here—from the scene of imperishable deeds—it may ring throughout the German fatherland. Long live our beloved German people!"

The crowd broke into deafening cheers and the band played "Deutschland über Alles," which the people sang lustily.

### 200 HAMMOND STRIKERS BACK; PEACE IS NEAR

### FIVE ILLINOIS BOYS NOMINATED TO WEST POINT

Two hundred employees of the Standard Steel Car company returned to work in Hammond yesterday and a settlement of the month old strike is believed to be near. Fred L. Feick, federal mediator, took a hand and held three conferences, two with the officials of the plant and one with strike leaders.

"It looks hopeful," he said as he left the second conference with the company officials.

Adj. Gen. Harry B. Smith, commanding the eleven companies of Indiana militia guarding the company's property, said he had received the assurances of the company officials that no attempt would be made to import strikebreakers, an undertaking which Mayor Dan Brown said would be sure to bring bloodshed.

Trouble was expected yesterday afternoon when, following a meeting in Coys' pub, 600 men marched on the plant in military formation. Major C. D. Downey called out four companies of the soldiers and lined them up across the main street leading to the plant, with bayonets fixed. The strikers marched to within fifty feet of the row of bristling steel and then dispersed quietly.

John J. Jenkins, assistant to the president of the company, is expected to return from Pittsburgh today with full authority to effect a settlement with the strikers.

The strikers, he added, do not understand the Plumb proposal, but when they do "they will repudiate it."

Both Mr. Lovett and Mr. Elliott urged a federal transportation board to aid the interstate commerce commission.

Referring to the Plumb plan, Mr. Lovett said:

"It is a rather bold move of the American bohemia to take first for Russification the one industry that affects all the people."

Mr. Lovett said the whole railroad problem was one of new capital.

The so-called railroad problem, as it exists today is solely a question of

the Plumb proposal, he said.

He added, "I am with you all in any movement for the betterment of the theater and to bring back the friendly relations between actors and managers."

At this afternoon's meeting of the "independent" actors, Mr. Cohan said:

"No matter how the wind blows, I do not think I shall ever produce another play. I am with you all in any movement for the betterment of the theater and to bring back the friendly relations between actors and managers."

Hugh Frayne, state organizer of the A. F. of L., declared at a meeting last night of 1,000 working actors that "we shall be glad to have Samuel Gompers enter this matter and settle it along the lines on which you wish it settled."

A fund of \$21,000 was raised at this meeting to provide for "actors who are temporarily impoverished because of the strike." Ethel Barrymore started at with \$500.

Our August Sale of men's low

shoes is still on at reduced prices

\$5.85      \$6.85      \$7.85

### SELZ ROYAL BLUE STORES

Operated by Leon's, Inc.

2 Stores: N. W. Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. S. E. Cor. Dearborn and Van Buren Sts.

\$9.00



—men!

Good shoes can still be had for nine dollars. Selz Shoes, solid, all leather. We have them in rich dark tan or black.

Our August Sale of men's low

shoes is still on at reduced prices

\$5.85      \$6.85      \$7.85

### All Wage Earners

For Your Convenience Our

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Is Open Saturdays All Day

From 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Also Mondays Until 6 P. M.

### The National City Bank

OF CHICAGO

S. E. Corner Dearborn & Monroe Sts.

Savings Dept.

# The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 18, 1847.

TERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 3, 1868, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL. UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1919.

**"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."**

—Stephen Decatur.

## THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

—Lessen the Smoke Horror.  
—Create a Modern Traffic System.  
—Moderate the Water Department.  
—Build Wide Roads Into the Country.  
—Develop All Railroad Terminals.  
—Push the Chicago Plan.  
—Rush the South Shore and Ogden Avenue improvements.

## THE HARBOR QUESTION.

The Chicago harbor question presents two points. The first is a limited one—what is best for Chicago. The other is middle western in scope and national in administration—what is necessary for general commerce.

From the first point of view a strong argument could be framed for an outer harbor in the center of the city. Suffice to say, that for many years the lake commerce of the original city of Chicago has been steadily dwindling. Millions have been spent to improve the Chicago river and other means to make the river bridges movable and yet by year less ships pass down the river. Only few years ago, as the result of an educational campaign, the legislature authorized the city of Chicago to build a modern dock or pier into the lake in the aid of lake navigation. Perhaps it is a municipal imbecility, but merely evidence of an economic condition, that the municipal pier, intended to be the precursor of Chicago's outer harbor, has developed into a dance hall. Chicago, from evidence of indisputable fact, has a decreasing trade and does not want to try to get more, whether or not economic conditions favor lake traffic from Chicago. It is a conviction of army engineers that Chicago should build a lake harbor and that Chicago should not be allowed to do anything else with the lake front between Sixteenth and Thirty-ninth streets. The government engineers believe this necessary for Chicago and also, at more to the point with them, necessary to the commerce of the middle west.

Granting that a harbor at the southern end of Lake Michigan is desirable for the commerce of the middle west, why pick out the station between Sixteenth and Thirty-ninth streets? Why insist on a location which citizens of Chicago, rightly or wrongly, esthetically or ideologically, wish to turn a park? Industries to which lake navigation indispensable did not have to build a harbor at Thirty-ninth street. The Illinois Steel company acted the mouth of the Calumet river and the government improved it. Other industries chose Indiana harbor and were assisted by government appropriation. Judge Gary founded the largest steel works in the world on the unbroken shore of the lake and built a harbor for it.

From the point of view of harbor construction every place along the shore from Kenosha to Michigan City is equally suitable. Why pick on Thirty-ninth street?

For through traffic from the west surely a less suggested spot than the heart of Chicago is to be avoided. Why insist upon using expensive real estate, upon building expensive railroad tracks? Why, not for instance, pick the flat north of Milwaukee or some of the unpreempted shore of Lake Michigan? Either of these sites will be just as good for general commerce as any in the Chicago city limits. Either of these, or a dozen others, would furnish every advantage that can be found in the zone of the proposed lake front harbor improvements.

From a commercial viewpoint all the territory within fifty miles of the courthouse is Chicago territory. Chicago is already suffering from congestion. More traffic crowded into this center will add to our confusion.

Any such commerce from the port of Chicago is hoped for by the government engineers will require a city in itself. Better to place this city either to the north or south of the one we live in on top of it.

The government engineers are to be highly condemned for their insistence upon the restoration of lake commerce from the Chicago gateway. We believe they can provide for it to better advantage somewhat outside of the congested zone of Chicago than within it.

And, in passing, hostile federal legislation is largely responsible for the decline of lake shipping.

**RUNNING ALL CREATION.**

Mr. Herbert Hoover's remarks on the duty of the United States in the matter of the Archduke Joseph indicate that he needs a rest. They are in the nature of a brainstorm, and our charitable opinion is that Mr. Hoover's exacting labors in ministering relief to a considerable part of Europe have temporarily obscured his common sense.

We hold no brief for the Archduke Joseph nor for any other candidate for power or office outside the United States. We join heartily with Col. Patterson in his ringing slogan, "To hell with the Hapsburgs and the Habsburgs," though the H's and H's, it seems to us, have arranged that themselves. At least we are quite sure that the people of Germany, Austria and Hungary will see to it that the system the Habsburgs represent and maintained is not restored. If there is any danger that will be, it arises out of the folly of men like Dr. Kun and other extremists who are capable of creating conditions so intolerable that even the old system begins to look benignant in comparison.

But what we should like to remind Mr. Hoover is that whether Archduke Joseph restores monarchy in Hungary or not is no more our affair than was Great Britain's affair that Jefferson Davis could be president of the south in '61. It is no more our affair than it is France's or Italy's or Spain's that a Republican should be elected for president of the United States at the next election. If Archduke Joseph is being imposed upon the Hungarian people by foreign force, that fact might not become a matter for us to deal with, but if Mr. Hoover means this he should say so and let his prestige to confirm the belief, already widely held, that the American people has undertaken the monitoring of the world and pro-

poses to enter every political household as a universal busybody.

We believe sensible Americans are getting pretty thoroughly sick of the disposition illustrated, we trust only in momentary lapses, by Mr. Hoover. We do not think the American people at home has any desire to undertake to set right according to its own notions all the affairs of the world. This is a Wilsonian creed, and for a time undoubtedly it gratified our well meaning naivete. But we are getting over that.

The president said the other day that some American soldiers will be retained in Europe while provisions of the peace treaty are being fulfilled. If we are to dictate to parties in the internal politics of eastern and central Europe we shall be keeping an army there and it will be fighting most of the time. We observe that the men who are for regulating the world are mostly noncombatant. We will take a considerable amount upon our opinion that Mr. Hoover's proposal would be about as popular with the A. E. F. as the flu, but non-combatant altruism was epidemic at the Hotel Crillon.

## COAL TROUBLES AHEAD.

The coal journals are now warning the public that "concerted action" must be taken if consumers are to be protected from a very great increase in the cost of coal due to the latest demands put forward by the miners. These demands involve a six hour day and an advance of 40 to 60 per cent in wages. The seriousness of the situation is indicated by the fact that there have already been strikes for the sole purpose of protesting against the miners' own officials, who insist that the present contract, which has something more than a month to run, shall be carried out.

On the part of the operators it is intimated that rather than engage in a protracted struggle with the unions just at a time when the need for coal is beginning to be greatest, they will simply make the best bargain they can with the miners. And as usual, the extra cost will be passed on to the consumer.

The cost will, of course, affect everybody. Coal has become such a fundamental factor in our society that any rise in price is almost immediately reflected in the price of everything else. The landlord of the apartment building is forced to advance the rent; the utility companies, gas, electric light, and traction, ask for higher rates; the railroads must seek higher revenues, and every manufacturing concern has to devise means of increasing its income. In Chicago we have seen the retail price of coal advance from about \$8 for anthracite in 1918 to \$10, \$11, and even \$12 in 1918, while bituminous went from \$3 to \$6.50 in the same period. Last year bituminous was approximately \$2.65 at the mine; this year it is \$3.10. Now a large percentage of these increases represent the increase in labor cost. Whereas the miner used to get about 84 cents a ton, he now gets \$1.45.

And, as we have seen, the miner now wants more money for a shorter day's work. It is no wonder the consumer is asking where this kind of thing is going to stop. In England the British government was recently forced to add 6 shillings (\$1.50) to the price of coal, and the financial journals are seriously discussing whether British industry can survive so heavily a burden.

One answer, in this country at least, is the development of water power. With cheap and plentiful coal the use of steam has in many cases supplanted the use of water power, even where the latter was available. But with coal expensive and scarce it will be obviously to our advantage to develop water power wherever possible. Such a development would, we think, have a wholesome effect on the miners' organizations, which now occupy a strategic position because of the country's dependence on coal.

Of almost equal importance is for the country to learn how to use coal economically. If the total value of the products that have gone up American chimneys in smoke could be computed the amount would be staggering. A more general use of coke and the improvement of methods of coal distillation should be considered in our efforts to effect a saving.

In the meantime we would suggest that the wise householder will not delay in putting in winter's supply of coal. The fuel administration has practically relinquished its control and it does not seem likely that the benevolent system of distribution which prevailed last winter will be continued.

ALFRED BULL.

"DOES it not seem a tragic inconsistency," asks a correspondent of the New York Tribune, "that a bone dry nation like ours should continue to sing its national anthem to the air of an ancient drinking song?" Well, no. It strikes us as a bit comic.

THE DIAL denies, rather heatedly, that it is dead. As contraire, it is as alive as a Stilton cheese.

WELL, WE'LL CONTRIBUTE A HEADING.

Sir: Can one conceive a more earnest, enthusiastic, and helpful spirit of cooperation than that shown by the editor of the Daily Worker, O. Schools, who said to her class: "If I'd allowed you to git to go, I'd see to it that you'd got to go to git to go?" (The grammar is here; the spelling, capitalization, and punctuation are mine.)

H. M. A.

WHAT was ever done about the French complaint that "American men cut shirts too short for the devastated area"? Clippings are still cluttering up our mail.

Meet Mr. Wetten—or Windsor.

Sir: Permit me. He is not "Mr. Guelph," but Mr. Wetten. His patronymic was linked to the house of Guelph by his great grandfather, who was a prime minister of Queen Victoria. After the death of his husband, Victoria was invariably referred to as the Widow Wetten by the late lamented John F. Flinerty, who knew considerable about the genealogy of British royalty.

C. Sir: The Widder of Windsor was a Guelph by birth, but marrying Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha she gave him her name, Wetten, to the lad you mention. When the royal family recently assumed the surname Windsor, David Guelph became Mr. George Eric Windsor. Guelph will be so addressed by Lord John's successor should he be born.

At his father's death, all pass through Chicago, on his way to Dwight. All of which impresses one to ask, Is the Pinto Compressing Co. pinched or redundant?

SUPPOSE YOU GET TO WORK ON IT:

Sir: Has any one ever approximated the value of the time wasted by bank cashiers in picking up the newest paper money?

L. M. M.

THE manufacturers of a life preserver advertise that it will "support the heaviest person in the water for three months." If at the expiration of that period you are not rescued, you should demand your money back.

A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT.

(Temple, Tex. Item.)

A nine pound baby girl, who has been named Thelma Downs, was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Kilough of the Experiment station.

"CABERY AUTO HIRE MAN IN CAMPUS."—Cabay Enquirer.

Fortunately this is not a vital section.

MORE THAN LIKELY.

Sir: May I not inform you that a safe in Moline has a sign chalked in its window, "Fried Pork Fish, 25 cents." Maybe they meant pork chops, GADDER.

IF the Immortals have no objection, Mrs. Jessie May Holler of Charleston will be conducted to R. G. on nomination of R. G.

Has This Got to Carranza Yet!

(From the Trib.)

The Buena Memorial Presbyterian church sent a message to President Wilson asking him to hear Miss Hughes and allow the cabinet to hear on this subject. A like danger, of course, threatens Mexico.

GLIMMED BY A READER IN THE STRAND THEATER (London, or course): "Mixed Drinks. Also Cocktails."

MEANING MEXICAN?

Sir: Sign on a farmhouse on Milwaukee avenue: "Yellow Bandit Corn For Sale." E. A. F.

MR. STARKWEATHER will open offices at Chisholm Monday, and on Tuesday will go to Hibbing, where he will beat the Oliver hotel.

Also Cocktails.

ONE OF THOSE USELESS QUESTIONS.

Can you conceive of a more useless constitutional provision than that adopted by the German prohibition from accepting a title or decoration from any foreign government?—From the Fort Scott Tribune.

DO YOU MEAN NEW YORK?

An investigator reports that a family of five can live in Chicago on \$1,918 a year, but a great many families of five seem to think it is worth the difference to live somewhere else.—New York World.

## A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO.

"What fools these mortals be!"

### HEART TO HEART.

The President rose, his I's to dot, And with an opening "May I not," Explained the Covenant's will and way To Senators who were c. to k.

"I'm very happy indeed," said he.

"To answer all questions put to me;

For nothing stands in the Covenant's way Except some things which are clear as day."

The Senators, c. to k., gave ear.

The while the President made things clear, Turned their perplexities in and out, Till there remained not a shred of doubt.

"Before we enter," he said, "a quarrel,

We ask, is the obligation moral?

We need not rescue a captive nation Because of a legal obligation.

"Strong as legal compulsion might be,

Moral is stronger, you all agree.

What seems to be twaddled to some Is, on the contrary, tweedledum.

"And what more simple and plain, again,

Than the limpid flow of Article Ten?

What seems to you that a rope of sand Is a hawser flung by a helping hand."

A Senator here a question flung:

He asked if Japan would keep Shantung.

The President smiled. "I'll say to you That's that's an exaggerated view."

Cheered and refreshed by the heart to heart,

Uprose the Senators to depart.

And Hiram said, as he took his hat,

"Well, Borah, what do you think of that?"

WHAT'S the use? One of the two (we have forgotten the other) intelligent pieces of legislation ascribed to the present administration was re-pealed over the executive veto.

WE ARE OBLIGED TO PASS.

Sir: I dictated to my stenographer the preface to the manuscript of "The Friend of the People" to be published in the Tribune.

Say to yourself, "Go to! We should I sell at

an impossible price when I can hold goods in storage?"

The manuscript as typewritten read: "Go to! What do you think I should I sell at"

REPLIED.

These are the reasons he gives for

nursing the baby:

Breast milk is always ready and is never measured.

It is nature's method and was intended for your baby.

It will make your baby strong and healthy.

It is absolutely free from germs and dirt.

It protects your baby from many infections.

It has been proved that babies at the breast are capable of throwing off several forms of contagion, for instance, measles.]

It is safer for the baby. Ten bottle-fed babies die to one fed on the breast.

It is the only perfect food for the baby.

It contains the proper elements of food in the right proportion for the growing child.

Bottle-fed babies seldom have bowel trouble, which is so fatal in bottle-fed babies, especially during hot weather.

Practically every mother can nurse her baby during the first six months.

If her milk threatens to dry up she can cover that over that the child has epilepsy.

REPLIED.

In all probability your physician will dis-

cover that the child has epilepsy.

EFFECTS OF TEA AND COFFEE.

Sir: A. F. T. writes: "I have noted your frequent reference to limitations of tea and coffee. The physiological effects of the varieties of tea are about the same. Tea and coffee disturb the digestion somewhat though not greatly by

## LEAVE PACKERS ALONE, SENATE BODY IS URGED

Advocates of License Plan Missing at Kenyon Bill Hearing.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—Federal regulation of the packing industry, proposed in the Kenyon and Kendrick bills now on hearing before the senate agriculture committee, found neither friends nor advocates in the long list of witnesses who aired their views today.

Though those testifying came from points all the way between Missouri and Georgia, and their occupations ran the gamut from farmer, through feeders, stockers, retail butchers, and dealers in produce, and while their opinions as to the reasons and responsibility of high cost of living were diverse and occasionally most forcefully put, the packers, all insisted, should be let alone.

Interference with them, the tenor of the statements ran, would be dangerous to the consumer and everybody else.

### Enough Governmental Central.

"We've had governmental control of railroads, and telephones, and so on, until we're plumb worn out and we don't want any more," W. P. Carpenter, stock feeder of Tarkio, Mo., assured the committee. "I'm in favor of the man who can produce the cheapest going ahead as far as he can. That's the way to cut down the cost of living."

Thomas Dunn, a St. Louis meat dealer, aired an unusual view of the situation when he said: "People want to pay high prices, because they think they are getting better stuff."

"These hearings will help get the fool ideas out of their head," he added, while the committee laughed. "That's the only good they will do. But I'm paying \$70 more for a beef carcass than I did three or four years ago, and I'd like to ask who's getting that?"

Getting Money, but Spending It. J. P. Lynn another Tarkio stock feeder, told him.

"I'm getting it," he said. "But I'm not keeping it. Everything else costs twice as much."

In answer to Senator Capper of Kansas, Mr. Lynn and a group of other feeders sat there and lost some money on cattle this spring.

"But that's not the packers' fault."

J. A. Christianson, a third man from the same district, said, "Any man can make a mistake and pay too much."

All of the feeders insisted that competition was keen in stockyards and were inclined to scoff at assertions that the packers dominated the market. Proposals in the bill to tax the packers, the packer refrigerator cars, Lynn added, were as reasonable as proposals to take away packers' butcher knives."

C. T. Caldwell, for the Moultrie, Ga., chamber of commerce, also spoke for a delegation.

"We've got Swift & Co. down there, and they've helped more than anything else to get our farmers to diversify," he said. "The live stock business needs their national distribution."

### MAMA GETS AFTER NEWLY WED SON WITH A WARRANT

Mrs. William Wayne of 2515 North Richmond street awoke July 9 to find her 17 year old son, Edward, missing; also the family automobile. Later she learned that Edward had eloped with Miss Nedra Klarwendau of 2555 South Park avenue.

That was all until yesterday, when Mrs. Wayne received a telegram stating that Edward had suffered three fractured ribs in an automobile accident and was in a hospital in Denver, Colo. Also would mama please send \$15.

Mrs. Wayne was informed and left last night for Denver. She had previously taken out a warrant for Edward's arrest on a charge of stealing an automobile. She promised detectives of the automobile squad of the detective bureau last night she would bring Edward back.

"If she refuses to prosecute him we will turn him over to the army," one of the detectives said. "We have information he is a deserter."

### Leather Men and Workers Confer on Wage Raise

Members of the Chicago Trunk and Leather Manufacturers' association met with the members of the International United Leather Workers' union yesterday in the Hotel La Salle. The workers are demanding a forty-four hour week, with an increase in wages. A 10 per cent increase has been offered by the manufacturers.

### Chicago Chosen Convention City of Labor Party

Cleveland, O., Aug. 22.—The national convention of the newly formed National Labor party will be held in Chicago on Nov. 22, with 2,000 delegates, representing several thousand labor organizations from all parts of the country. In attendance, Max Hayes, chairman of the executive committee of the new party, announced today.

### RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

### JAVA-PACIFIC LINE

DIRECT SERVICE

SAN FRANCISCO TO  
NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES

Batavia, Samarang, Soerabaja, Macassar  
Sailing dates and rates on application.  
S.S. SOERABAJA, S.S. TJSALAK,  
S.S. BINTANG, S.S. BENOKALIS

J. D. Spreckels Bros. Co., San Francisco  
General Office, 2 Plaza St., San Francisco  
K. T. Morris, 10 Battery St., San Francisco, Calif.

### CONVALESCENT

Man Policeman Accuses of Shooting Him Faces Six Charges.



FRANK E. ROHDE.

### "ONION KING'S" WIFE TO LOSE TWO BUILDINGS

Announcement of Foreclosure Sale Recalls Meteoric Career.



MRS. WARREN SPRINGER OLIVER.

### RABBIS BECOME AFFILIATED WITH BUTCHERS' UNION

Synagogue Leaders Join Organized Labor.

Rabbis of Chicago whose duties comprise the killing of chickens, beves, and veal for the members of their synagogues have joined the ranks of organized labor, it became known yesterday, the union with which they are affiliated being No. 598 of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workers of North America.

The Rev. S. L. Ziyin is president, the Rev. M. J. Robinson is secretary, and J. Atkins is business agent. There are 170 rabbis in the stockyards, who kill chickens, twenty-five who slaughter beef, and about eighty Jewish butchers.

#### Business Agent Explains.

Mr. Atkins explained the technique of the rabbis as follows:

"The rabbi takes the chicken in such a way as to stretch its neck. Then he takes hold of it in a certain place with his left hand and draws the knife across the neck with the right. He then cuts through the chicken if it is for Jewish people to eat. In the same manner the rabbi pass on the beves and veal.

#### Great Chicken Eaters.

"The Jewish people are great eaters of chickens, for it requires the services of 170 rabbis to kill enough for the various west side markets. Of course, the Jewish people also are fond of beef, veal, duck, and geese, all of which have to be killed in the manner prescribed in the faith. The rabbis who do this work are known as Shochetim."

### ICE WATER BATH COOLS LOVE; SHE SEEKS DIVORCE

Lloyd H. Wilson, publisher, #15 Lakeside place, is accused of extreme and repeated cruelty to his wife, Mrs. Alma Marcella Wilson, who, through Attorney Henry S. Harnden, filed her divorce suit yesterday.

The bill states:

"He seized her by the throat and threw her to the floor."

"He threw ice water on her."

"In December, 1916, he knocked out two of her teeth."

"He was prevented from killing her only by the fact that the revolver did not explode."

The bill also alleges that Wilson has personal property worth \$50,000 and an income of \$25,000 a year. They were married in 1914.

ROSS obtained his release last night on bonds of \$15,000.

#### DENY STRIKE RUMOR.

Officials of the Apex Appliance Company, 3201 West Harrison street, manufacturers of washing machines, deny their employees are on strike for more money, and say there will be no strike.

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J. D. Spreckels Bros. Co., San Francisco  
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# WRIGLEY'S

5¢ a package  
before the war

5¢ a package  
during the war

5¢ a package  
NOW

THE FLAVOR LASTS  
SO DOES THE PRICE!

UNITED  
COUPONS



118

# Red Crown Gasoline

## Has the Pep

Step on the starter and instantly your engine starts.

Your foot on the accelerator, and you are off in a second.

By the time you can shift into high, your engine is ready for a race or a hard pull.

You sense an eagerness

that sends a thrill of pleasure all through you.

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2657 E. 95th St.

### West Side—Continued

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South and Southwest—Continued

5829 W. 66th St.

47th and Western

### North Suburbs

Evanston—Arnold Ave. and

## "DEMURE MAID" DOESN'T APPEAR AGAINST FLIRT

So George Rasmussen Is Given His \$100 and Turned Loose.

Miss Leona Hall, maid to Miss Evelyn Gossel, a member of the striking "Up in Mabel's Room," did not appear to prosecute George Rasmussen, head of the Rasmussen Tea company, 615 West Randolph street, when he appeared yesterday in the South Clark street court to answer to her charge that he had attempted to flirt with her.

However, her failure to appear did not save Rasmussen from undergoing the experience of a Municipal Court trial. He sat in his courtroom until his case was called, his smart attire in sharp contrast with that of other persons. He said the charge was "all a lie."

Almost Rascals \$100.

When the bailiff called his name he walked briskly to the judge's bench. He answered the judge's questions in subdued monosyllables. When it was seen that Miss Hall had not appeared he was discharged. In his eagerness to leave the courtroom he almost overran the \$100 cash bail he had deposited the night before.

Mr. Rasmussen, who is in Lake Forest, had a few things to say concerning the case.

It's "Closed" for Wife.

"So far as I am concerned it is a closed incident," she told a reporter. "Men, especially husbands, are more sinned against than sinning, in these days of extreme styles in feminine dress. Women exert themselves to attract masculine attention and then, when their vanity is appealed, present they're shocked. Instances like this happen every day in the loop. The only difference it seems to me, is that in this particular case the party of the second part is seeking what all theatrical persons yearn for—newspaper notoriety."

## MRS. WHISMAN'S HOOISER FRIEND TELLS OF VISITS

Danville, Ill., Aug. 22.—Skeletons from the past lives of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Whisman and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Holtz were brought from the vaults of the coroner's office for hearing of the two women, charged with the murder of Walter J. Whisman at the Holtz home the night of Aug. 9.

One of the new witnesses was W. A. Parker, former Danville man, now of Columbus, Ind. He told of an alteration between Whisman and his wife at the Interurban station in Danville on the night of the killing.

Miss Holtz, another new witness, testified that she had worked one day in Mrs. Whisman's place as stenographer for the Burroughs Adding Machine Company office in Danville while Mrs. Whisman had gone to Chicago. This, she said, was on Aug. 4, five days before the murder. She said before going to work she had forgotten where the place was and called Mrs. Holtz, who was working there. Mrs. Holtz told her and also said if Whisman returned and asked where Mrs. Whisman was, to tell him his wife was visiting in Hammond, Ind.

## 4.90 PER CENT ALCOHOL FOUND IN SEIZED BEER

Prof. A. F. Gilman of the Illinois Wesleyan university, who analyzed samples from the nineteen truck loads of beer seized by Constable Earl Casterton of Zion City, reported yesterday that the alcohol content was found to run from 4.90 per cent to 6.60 per cent.

Casterton extended his zone of activities Thursday night by swooping down on a resort at Pettie Lake, 20 miles west of Zion City, and seizing a number of slot machines and a case of beer. Ned Bates and his wife were arrested as keepers of the establishment.

## COURT DECISION SHADES OASIS IN WISCONSIN

Madison, Wis., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Beers and wines that are nonintoxicating may be sold in the western federal district of Wisconsin and it will be for the first time in the attorney general's power to sue in such cases that the liquor consumed was intoxicating. This is the effect of a decision rendered by Federal Judge A. L. Sanborn today. The United States district attorney will appeal, but meantime there will be no further prosecutions.

Charges filed against six saloonkeepers at Glidden, Wis., that they sold beer containing 2.0 to 3.30 per cent of alcohol failed to state that such beer was intoxicating.

Because of that failure motions to quash the charges were granted today by the judge.

## Three Arrested in Raid by Morals Policeman

Lawrence J. Barry, 941 Lafayette parkway, who identified himself as a brother-in-law of Robert E. Cantwell, attorney general, was arrested last night by Policeman Sack of the morals squad in company with Mrs. Lucille Evans and her husband, William Evans, in the Evans flat at 73 West Chicago avenue. Evans was booked as keeper of a disorderly flat and Barry and Mrs. Evans as inmates.

## NOW READY Harold Bell Wright's NEW OZARK STORY THE RE-CREATION OF BRIAN KENT

### FAILS TO PROSECUTE

Girl Who Accused Wealthy Man of Flirting.



## PROFESSORS SOW SEED OF REVOLT, LETTER REVEALS

U. S. Gets Evidence of Their Radical Activity.

(Continued from first page.)

me. Besides we have written a lot. I told him I belonged to the radical Socialists. I expounded my general principles on all important points. He knows also of the circumstances of my leaving Clark and Kentucky. He says he is in substantial agreement with most of what I have said and that he sees no reason why I cannot get along at De Pauw.

**Prof. Ross Interested.**

"Ross had some hand in the game. I have never received him at Madison last week and Ross wrote encouraging me to take the place. I did not make any great effort. Gross knew that I did not care much one way or the other. He took the initiative almost from the start and I sat back and waited.

"I'm afraid Greencastle is too much to do with the co-op. Population 4,000, thirty miles north of Bloomington. Eight hundred students, mostly in college, a few in school of music, a few graduate students. Hudson is president of Ec, there."

Hailstones, which many perturbed feminine sufferers reported as big as hen's eggs, fell on the north side last night for about five minutes, following a thundershower. Bathers were somewhat incommoded and windsheilds of automobiles caught in the storm were broken.

The thundershower occurred about seven o'clock and came as a welcome relief from a sultriness unusual in Chicago even in August. The maximum temperature for the day was 83, reached at 4 o'clock. The minimum was 69 at 11 p.m.

The forecast for today is partly cloudy, with moderate southwest winds, winds.

## NORTH SIDE GETS 5 MINUTE DELUGE OF HAILSTONES

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## MEDIATORS ACT TODAY TO SETTLE BUILDING TIEUP

A joint meeting of the contractors, building trades union officials and J. Skeffington and P. J. Gill, federal labor mediators, is expected to be held today in an effort to settle the lockout and differences existing in the building trades. The two commissioners held another conference with the striking carpenters and other trades involved in the lockout yesterday, at which the cause of the whole trouble from the union point of view was gone over.

**Woman Arrested in \$550 Robbery Case**

Miss Marie Abbott, described as being of "Hercules" who was a professor of economics" at De Pauw, Prof. William N. Hudson has left professors' work and is entering the insurance business in Indianapolis.

"Ross," mentioned by Calhoun as endorsing him to President Grose, is president of the Indiana State University in September, 1917, coming from Clark.

Calhoun's letter was taken, read to the editor of The Leader, a newspaper published in Hopkinton, Ind., home of Lenox college, where he was formerly a student. In this letter Prof. Zeuch defended the atrocities of the German army on the ground that those crimes were common in all wars.

The matter was called to the attention of the Indiana university faculty. They promptly requested Prof. Zeuch's resignation, which was immediately forthcoming.

Zeuch later was employed by a "new thought" magazine of New York City to write a series of articles on the Nonpartisan League of North Dakota. On June 30, 1919, under a letter head entitled "Cornell University, College of Arts and Sciences, Ithaca, N. Y.", Professor W. F. Wilcox, dean of the college, wrote the following letter to Professor Zeuch at Minneapolis:

"Dear Mr. Zeuch: Your letter is received this morning. The absence of

According to the story told by Miss Newcomb at the East Chicago avenue station, where Miss Abbott was taken, she missed \$550 Tuesday night after Miss Abbott and Doyle had spent the night in her apartment, a second man being a member of the party.

Miss Newcomb said her suspicion had been excited by the boyish behavior of Mr. Holtz, told her and also said if Whisman returned and asked where Mrs. Whisman was, to tell him his wife was visiting in Hammond, Ind.

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## Literary Reviews

Edited by Burton Rascoe

## Gossip of Books

Saluting a New Figure on Our Literary Horizon

BY BURTON RASCOE.

It is possible that Henry K. Marks may never write another novel. I hope he does—many of them. But I think that his last one must be well worth reading. On the strength of this one performance, "Peter Middleton" he has, I venture, earned a place among the important fictionists of contemporary literature.

I may be wrong—I hazard the conjecture—but I stake my judgment upon the belief that among the English realists—Wells, Galsworthy, Bennett, and Cannan—Marks has written something comparable to the amazing new novel by a New York specialist in nervous diseases. Beside the sure, confident, individualistic technique, the acute psychological analysis, the emotional pregnancy of this novel, the work of men like Beresford, Mackenzie, Swinton, and Walpole seems amateurish, weak, child's prattle. Beside this study of human motives and reactions, the work of the French Paul Bourget seems banal; beside its quiet intensity the novels of Barbusse seem but journalism.

This, I am aware, is extravagant. His tendency is to implant easily to arouse antagonism. Very well. I have never been more earnest.

"Peter Middleton" is a novel which, in its present edition, has been made cheap and popular by the blatant theatricalism of "Damaged Goods." It is a novel whose central character in less competent hands would have been butchered for a sentimentalists' holiday. It failed in the telling a dozen pitfalls wherein it might have become a hysterical tract, another plebian assurance that the wages of sin is death, a dirge against the social conditions of the day, an invective against the passions of man, a glorification of violence, or the glorification of physical courage.

That none of these pitfalls has claimed Dr. Marks is evidence of his genius, of the clarity of his vision, of the honesty of his craftsmanship, of his intellectual integrity. The book has no thesis, no message, that I can find; though it provokes innumerable questions, presents problems, induces thought. It is harrowing, tragic, but it leaves the reader. It sets the nerves quivering. And it has interest of placid beauty, not without their suggestion of irony, but still calm, poised, noble.

Curious, too, it is that with all the leave-expertise of Dr. Marks' clinician method, with all his success in eliminating himself from the book, he is yet able to evoke powerful emotional responses in his reader. In this lies little or no comment. He has observed, he has studied, and he has portrayed. His characters live; they exhibit sympathy or antipathy as much as real persons about whom we are permitted to know much.

And, too, it is not the cold, detached method of the self-conscious realist. There are scenes of high poetic suggestion, even of powerful emotional aspiration. There is not a cliche, not a facile epigram, nothing raw, grim, or "smart" in the entire book. There is, instead, candor, tact, honesty, directness, intelligence, and splendor.

\* \* \*

The review copy of "The Young Visitors" is going from hand to hand among the young. That is good. A voting contest is on as to whether the book is a framework or the genuine effort of 9 year old Daisy Astford. Thus far twenty have voted. Eight have expressed their opinion that the book is a hoax, and twelve have voted that it is what it pretends to be.

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There has been an unusually good output of fiction during the past few weeks. This department recommends as worthy of a permanent place in one's library:

"The Moon and Sixpence," by W. Somerset Maugham.

"Peter Middleton," by Henry K. Marks.

"The Dead Command," by Vicente Blasco-Ibanez.

"Rambles in Milholland," by Booth Tarkington.

"Heritage," by V. Sackville-West.

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"I suspect that America really cares much less for literature of any kind, in proportion to its population, than England and Scotland. I had thought the contrary before I came here. You feel this acutely after leaving Boston and coming to New York. The whole atmosphere of a kind. At Cleveland I was frankly told that literature was not wanted in the newspapers. I met one delightful interviewer in Chicago who really cared for literature, but he was the news editor of the —, and really came along to my hotel because he knew all about me." —Clement K. Shorter in the London Sphere.

But . . . But . . . really, dear Mr. Shorter, we never, until this moment, suspected that failure to interview you is evidence of illiteracy.

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Said that possibly Dr. Marks may never write another novel. I wish he would do so. I am a fan of the career of Dr. Elizabeth Lissinger. She is an interesting and appealing figure. A woman who bears some resemblance to Nina appears as one of the minor characters in Ludwig Thoma's excellent satirical play, "Moral." But, to my knowledge a novel with such a central character has never been before. He would take a novelist of Dr. Marks' skill to develop Dr. Lissinger's portrait at full length. I think she is worthy of his powers.

Moreover, I should like to hear more about the subsequent history of Nina. There is a suggestion, when Prahl meets Nina and her man in Italy, that the husband, at least, has not found completion in the union. Nina's temperament offers many possibilities of interest for the trained analyst and observer that Dr. Marks has so convincingly shown himself to be.

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It is important to note on reading "Peter Middleton" that, deprived of the tragedy of Middleton's disease, it would remain a great and powerful novel. The final chapters, perhaps, would not be so excruciating, but the suspense effect would be much the same. The reader serves merely to heighten the tragedy, and by no means the reason for the existence of the novel, as it is for instance of the play, "Damaged Goods."

For after all the real tragedy is not Middleton's disease but his sex

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WILMINGT. W.D.

## WHO'S WHO

## Veblin on the Vested Interests

BY ELIA W. PEATTIE.

**T**HORSTEIN VEBLIN'S latest book is "THE VESTED INTERESTS AND THE STATE OF THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS." (Huebsch). The publisher's note bears witness that "this volume shows how and why a discrepancy between business and custom that underlie business enterprises and the businesslike management of industry on the one hand, and the material conditions which have now been engendered by that new order of industry that took its rise in the late 18th century, on the other hand, together with some speculations on the civil and political difficulties set about by this discrepancy between business and industry."

Mr. Veblin's attack upon the vested interests begins with a review of the "imponderables" which made up the "realities" of the past ages. An imponderable, Mr. Veblin says, "is an article of make-believe which has become axiomatic by force of settled habit. It can accordingly cease to be an imponderable by a course of unsettling habit. He includes in these imponderables the star glass, swung by the most powerful mechanism of abiding doubt—around the universe. Everywhere it reveals mutations. To some they will appear sinister mutations. To others they will assume the aspect of revelations. To all they will indicate that the old order changes. That the old order leads out of account the value intellectually and industrially of the trained specialist sees to be undesirable."

None of us can afford to miss in this hour

Gilbert Cannan

GILBERT CANNAN was born in Manchester, England, in 1884. He was educated at King's College, Cambridge, and called to the bar in 1908. He served as dramatic critic for the London Star for the year 1909-1910. His next work was the translation of Roland Roland's huge novel of artists, "Paisie, Jean Christophe." Roland and Samuel Butler have vastly influenced his work.

Cannan used Butler as a model for "Little Brother," "Old Mole," and "Old Men's Novel," and "Round the Corner," and in "Mendel" there are reminiscences of "Jean Christophe." "Mendel" indeed, is in several respects a novel that the windy and bulbous work of Roland.

In 1910 Cannan married May Amy Barrie, the divorced wife of John Barrymore. Barrie had been named in Barry's suit as co-respondent. He and Mrs. Barrie were divorced after a rather short unhappy marriage. Cannan's latest novel, "Mummery," is dedicated to "Arielle," Amy Gwen Wilson.

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WILMINGT. W.D.

# BOBBY JONES VS. DAVIDSON HERRON IN FINAL GOLF BATTLE

**YOUTHFUL STARS,  
ONE 17, OTHER 21,  
TO CLASH TODAY**

**Georgian Beats Fownes,  
5-3, and Pittsburgher  
Downs Platt, 7-6.**

**BY JOE DAVIS.**

Oakmont Golf Course, Pa., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Davidson Herron, the sturdy Pittsburgh player and Bobby Jones, the 17 year old Atlanta boy, are the finalists in the national amateur golf championship.

Herron, as was expected, outclassed J. Wood Platt of the North Hill club of Philadelphia in the semi-finals today, winning 7 and 6, the Quaker city player passing like several others who had gone through grueling matches on the day preceding his exit. Platt seems to almost in the mood of identifying himself and his showing exceeded his fondest hopes. He gained renown by eliminating Outman and by being the first Philadelphian to gain a position in the final quartet.

**Kid Jones Beats Fownes.**

Bobby Jones went into the final bracket through the medium of a 5 and 3 victory over William C. Fownes Jr. of the Oakmont club. Bill Fownes was playing golf when both Jones, who was 17 on last St. Patrick's day, was 18. Jones beat his son, Henry, who qualified, and then ran the redoubtable Atlanta boy, who finished on the golfing firmament at Merion in 1915 when only 14 years of age.

Fownes was the last of the veterans to pass from the title race. Herron, who has just started on his career in the steel business, is 21 years old.

**Even Fight in Final.**

The final looks like a remarkably even proposition. Herron has had the best medal cards the last two days, but has had easier matches than Jones. Today he had a hard of 78 in the morning, as against 81 for Jones, who had two more in his card.

Fownes, who was the architect in chief of the Oakmont course, to some extent dug his own grave, as he was in trouble enough to ruin his chances, and only his superior work on the greens kept him in the running. Jones was superior up to the green, as both men made errors in the approach putts and putts. It was evident they would have been outclassed by Walter Travis and Jerome Travers in their palmy days.

**Jones Gets Only Birdie.**

Through the morning round Jones was the only player to score a birdie, hence the play presented little of a spectacular character. Although Fownes finished the morning round only 1 up, he had Jones on the defensive most of the time. The same afternoon conditions were the same.

For the second round he had the Pittsburgh contingent by running the first hole in the afternoon, but after that he fell behind and was able to win only two holes. Jones had a comfortable lead of 3 up at the twenty-seventh and had the match clinched when he won two of the next three holes.

Fownes lost the first hole by getting a poor second and putting his third over the green, losing 6 and 5. Fownes topped his next drive, but Jones topped his drive and took three strokes. Fownes was making a good second and winning, 4 to 5. Fownes was trapped at the third hole and out, losing at the third hole and out, losing to a par 4 by Jones.

**Georgia Player Takes Seven.**

The Georgia player again was trapped at the fourth hole and got a large 7. Fownes getting a par 5. At the short sixth, Jones was trapped from the tee and lost, 4 to 3. The next three holes were taken without incident, leaving Jones 1 up at the turn.

Fownes pulled his iron second to the top of a cup, and made a short third. Jones was home with a drive and won, 4-5, squaring the match. He took the lead at the eleventh. Fownes pulling his second to a trap, and being short of the green on his third. Jones got a par 4.

Both had trouble on their tee shots for the long twelfth, and Fownes won, 6-7, when Jones missed a five foot putt and then failed on a one-half stymie. Fownes was trapped at the short thirteenth, and lost, 4-5. The next five holes were halved. Jones having the best of the play to the green, but being unable to get down a six foot putt.

**Jones Cops Winning Lead.**

Starting in the afternoon followed by a gallery of 500, Jones sent his drive into a trap. The ball was buried and he conceded the hole, 7-6. This squared the match. They halved the next two in poor fives. Jones won the next, 6-5. Fownes missing a six foot putt.

At the short fifth, Jones sunk a 20 foot putt, the longest of the day for a win 3-4 and was two up. Jones was 3 up at the 27th hole and won the next hole.

Fownes hit a mound on his second for the 11th hole and got only five yards on his third. Jones overplayed the green and got a horrible lie in a ditch. He smashed out, drove it as big as a small cabbage, the ball going over to the far edge. They halved in size. From this on he played steady golf on the 15th green.

**Iron Work Aids Herron.**

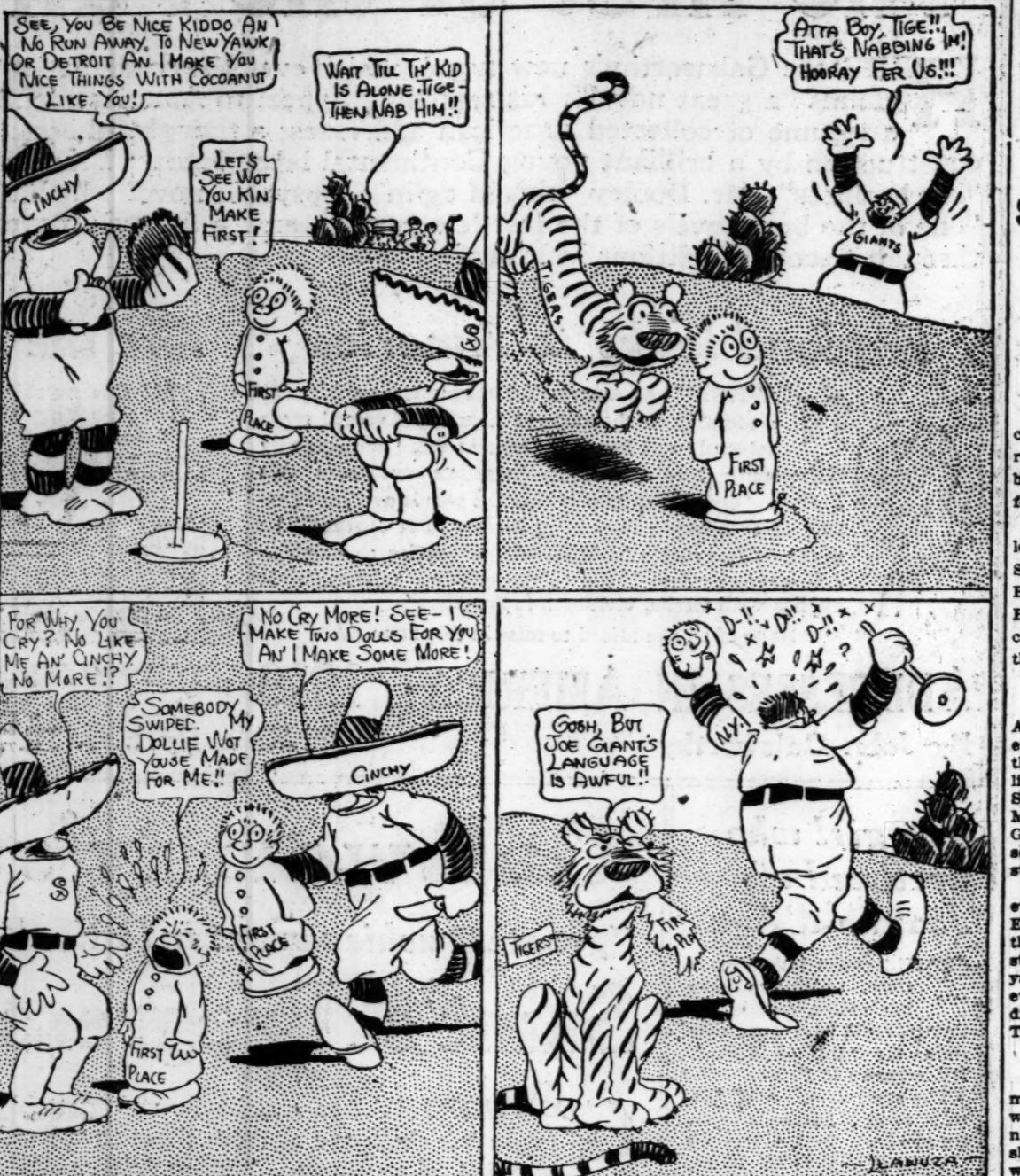
Herron owed his victory over Platt to superior iron work. When in trouble he was able to recover. The outgoings were not quite fair, Herron leading 1 at the turn. Coming home the Pittsburgher improved. At the fourteenth, he laid a midiron shot dead to the pin and got a birdie 3. Platt was trapped and taking 6.

Herron won the short sixteenth with a par 3, and the home hole with a par 4, being 5 up. Platt made a nervy fight in the afternoon, but lacked stability. Each took three holes going out, but Herron won the eleventh hole in 4 and took the match at the long twelfth, 5-6.

**MONEY TO COACH CARNegie.**

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The representatives of the Carnegie Institute and the coach at Carnegie Tech have announced. Warner will report Sept. 16, and assist Coach Steffens in whipping the members of the varsity football team into shape.

## HELD FOR RANSOM



## STARS OF WATER TO RACE TODAY IN THREE MEETS

## GOLF

S. L. WILLIAMS and son, and I. McCurdy and son, with \$1 tied yesterday at the Shadie Country club for the low gross prize in the Pater-Fitus-Filla tournament. The method of deciding the deadlock will be determined later.

In the low net division, Dr. H. G. Phillips and son won the prize, with 97-92-65.

The event, the first of its kind at Skokie, was a success, and promises to become one of the annual competitions.

Leadership cards:

The WILMERS  
Out ..... 6 5 6 5 5 5 3 5 3 5 4-45 91-24-67

The O'BRIENS  
Out ..... 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 7 5 4-42 91-19-73

The PHILLIPS  
Out ..... 6 6 5 4 5 7 5 6 5-30 97-92-65

Other scores:

A. E. Small and son ..... 95-95-70

G. Tracy and son ..... 105-25-80

W. C. Moore and son ..... 121-35-86

E. Haupt and son ..... 132-35-85

W. H. Johnson and son ..... \*

\* \*

Mrs. Frank Koller won the women's long distance swim will be held at the South Shore Country club. Miss Ethilda Bleibrey and Miss Charlotte Boyle of the Women's Swimming association, New York, are expected to win the first two places.

### Fancy Diving Billed.

In addition there will be an open A. A. fancy diving contest for women and entries will be accepted up to the time the event is held. Frank Sullivan, swimming instructor at South Shore, has received entries from the Milwaukee, Toledo and T. Mattie and G. Gauer of the I. A. C. and Hazel Thompson, who will compete unattached. The starting gun will be fired at 3 o'clock.

Six Central A. A. championship events will come up for decision at Edgewater beach. The events include the senior women's 100 yard breast stroke, 100 yard back stroke, and 880 yard free style swim. The men's senior events will be 400 yard relay and fancy diving and junior quarter mile swim. This program will start at 3:30 o'clock.

A. A. F. Events Today.

The seventh annual outdoor swimming championships of the A. A. F. will be decided in the Sherman Park natatorium. Titles in the individual, relay and junior divisions will be determined and the fight for senior rests between the old rivals, Sinai Social center and Chicago Hebrew Institute. The first event will start at 3 o'clock.

Install 20,000 Seats.

Officials in charge of this year's meet, which is fast becoming recognized as one of the leading track and field events held in the west, have made extensive preparations to take care of the crowd. Twenty thousand seats have been installed and requests

## LOOMIS BOYS TO SETTLE MASTERY DISPUTE TODAY

## Dope on the Ponies

Today's Selections

AT SARATOGA.

New York Telegraph selections:  
1-Barclay Water, Cornelian, Ireland.  
2-Elyan, Doublet, Bughouse.  
3-Man o' War, Uncle Blazer.  
4-Golden, Diamond Star Master.  
5-Lucallite, Motor Corp, Lord Brighton.

SARATOGA RESULTS.

First race, 3 years old, \$1,000.

Carpet Sweepers, 107 (Lester), 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

1, even, 1 to 2, second; Senator Co., 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Time, 1:40 1-5. The Cock, West Hoboken, Rapid Race, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Second race, the Pittstown, 3 miles, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Third race, the Pittstown, 3 miles, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Fourth race, the Pittstown, 3 miles, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Time, 1:39 2-5. Freshman, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Third race, 3 years old and up, \$770, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Fourth race, 3 years old and up, \$770, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Time, 1:39 2-5. Freshman, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won; 1st, 2nd, 3rd.

Elgin, Ill., Aug. 22.

Automobile road racing will tomorrow for the edification of the public speeders after a year's absence.

The event is the revival of the Elgin program fallen off to a single event and fifteen entries.

The course, lying within easy

cargoons of Elgin, is the scene of the

best in the world, but

the cream of the ava-

and the fact that there

combines or cliques in the

produce thrills galore.

Elgin, Wood, Brynarat and Thund-

erwood, 1 mile, 1. 5 to 2, won;

Time, 1:45 1-5. The Boys are Peeved.

Brother Frank was so peed at beeing beaten that he snatched the gold

medal from Brother Jo's hands and still is the proud possessor of it. This act made Jo se a hard time up his mind to beat his brother in every

act they enter and Frank is just as

he will not turn the trick.

In order that no complications may arise, Coach Delaney of the C. A. A. team made a special trip to Homestead to lay out the course. The starting and finishing points have been changed so that none of the hurdlers will have to leap a set of hurdles on a sharp turn when off stride, and not in a good position to take the sticks at full speed.

The meet will be under charge of Martin Delaney, physical instructor of the C. A. A. and some of Chicago's prominent citizens will act as officials. The first event will be called at the 10th street.

Install 20,000 Seats.

Bill Delaney got the decision in his favor, and the meet will be held at the Homestead, 1st night. The great race quick fall in 3:10, applying a toe hold and after the second fall went one hour without a throw, the decision was rendered.

DEMETRAL TAKES MAY BOUT.

Bill Demetral got the decision in his favor, and the meet will be held at the Homestead, 1st night. The great race quick fall in 3:10, applying a toe hold and after the second fall went one hour without a throw, the decision was rendered.

IRA VAIL, making his first place possibility of 8:15 held jointly by Vail and the late Spencer Wishard here in 1914. Vail and Wishard split, which gave Vail the win.

Bill Demetral got the decision in his favor, and the meet will be held at the Homestead, 1st night. The great race quick fall in 3:10, applying a toe hold and after the second fall went one hour without a throw, the decision was rendered.

There will be a possible five drivers entered can

be the best in the world, but

the cream of the ava-

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**A Friend in Need**  
Sally Joy Brown**PATTERNS BY CLOTILDE**

I want to be the medium through which the friend in need and the friend in need may be connected. If I have one who has some discarded article which has not outgrown its usefulness that will make some one else happy. Please do not hesitate to give it if you know how to go about it. Write to me and let me be the go-between. I will be glad to write to you. Please write on one side of the paper.

When information is wanted by a student or teacher, please send the request. Please do not send parcels to "The Tribune," but write to the address of the applicant and send direct.

**Books on Commercial Art**

"I am much interested in commercial art and cartooning but as I cannot afford the expense of books, I should be grateful if your readers have a book or my other matter on this branch of art which I could have, for which I would gladly pay the postage or call for."

B. K.

Some graduate in commercial art or cartooning having finished with the books you desire and knowing they will be helpful to you may write to me for your name and address. I shall give it gladly.

**Offers Icebox.**

"If you know of any one needing an ice box, I have one I would gladly give." Mrs. L.

We often have a request for an ice box, so I register your offer gratefully.

**EMBARRASSING MOMENTS**

"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for every letter published on "The Most Embarrassing Moment of My Life." Address Embarrassing Moments Editor, Chicago Tribune. Write on one side of the paper. No manuscripts returned.

**Taken for Beggar.**

One day I was walking through the park and I stopped to give a beggar for the time. He put his hand in his pocket and pulled out a dime. That certainly did make me feel like two cents. I looked at him and said I wanted the time, please.

C. O.

**Who He Was.**

One day after purchasing a few articles at the grocery store, my friend and I were walking down the street when I inquired who the slow clerk was.

"My cousin," she replied. E. T.

Order Blank for Clotilde Patterns  
CLOTILDE, DAILY TRIBUNE,  
CHICAGO.

Inclosed and \$..... Please send me  
the Clotilde patterns listed below:  
Pattern number..... Size..... Price.....

Name.....  
Street.....  
City.....  
State.....

**How to Order Clotilde Patterns.**

Write your name and address plainly on dotted lines, giving number and size of each pattern you want. Inclose 12 cents in stamps or coin (wrap coin carefully) for each number, and address your order to Clotilde, CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, Chicago.

Note: Clotilde patterns are made in New York exclusively for THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE. They are perfect in fit, up to date in style, and the easiest of all patterns to use.

Orders are filled from Chicago and sent prompt delivery patterns are sent by first class mail.

**DRESS FOR GIRL OR WOMAN.**

This unusual design for a dress meets a long felt want of most women for some frock which is neither for

**DORIS BLAKE'S ANSWERS**

He's a Returned Soldier.  
Dear Miss Blake: I am a young lady and am deeply in love with a young man four years my senior. He is a returned soldier. I have corresponded with him all the while he was gone and knew him long before he went. Since he came back I heard there was another girl, but he said he did not like her, but others I know are persuading him.

"He has told me of his love for me more than once. I had an appointment with him and he did not come. It is about three months ago. We

have had no words and I know there is nothing I do that he dislikes. Do you think I ought to call him up, because there is no way in which he can reach me, only by mail, and he might not know my address because we have moved recently.

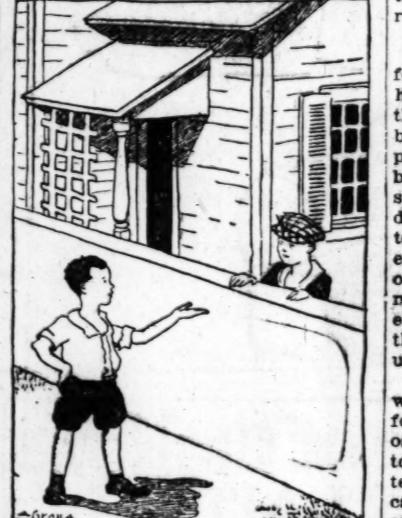
BLONDY.  
There is an unwritten law, Blondy, that no earthly barrier can keep a man from attaining anything he wants, be it love, work, or warfare. So I hardly think it is necessary for you to notify your friend of your change of address. He will find you soon enough if he so minded. I should not call him up, nor should I bother about whether he calls or not. Where is your pride? You surely have other friends, and I am sure you are too young to have your life blighted because one man has ceased his attentions.

H. R. J.  
Junior, describing a beautiful chubby little girl with two dimples in her cheeks and also in her fat little arms said, "O, daddy, you should see her. The smile is growed right on her face, and even her arms have got little smiles on 'em!" H. R. J.

**Bright Sayings of the Children**

"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for each childlike saying printed. The story told must never have appeared in any magazine, book or newspaper. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unavailable contributions. Please write on one side of the paper. Address bright sayings to Aunty Bee, "Tribune," Chicago.

A new boy moved into the neighborhood, and Gordon's mother heard bad reports about him. "Now, Gordon," she warned, "I don't want you to go over into the next yard and play with



that little boy. I hear he's very naughty." A short time later she heard Gordon calling over the wall: "Hey, there, kid! My mother says I ain't to go in your yard 'cause you're naughty, but you kin come over into mine. I ain't naughty." C. M.

Dorothy was visiting her aunt one day. Dorothy wished to tell her aunt about another little girl who lived a few doors away. It happened that the other little girl stuttered. As Dorothy didn't know her name and didn't know the word "stutter," she said, "O, Auntie, you know the little girl that talks double." N. H.

Riviera  
BALDWIN AND KAATZ  
DIRECTORS  
Broadway & Lawrence  
AN AMAZING SHOW  
A Riot of Color and Beauty  
and the Ear  
TWO MORE DAYS—  
BESSIE BARRISCALE  
in a Fascinating Society Drama  
"THE WOMAN MICHAEL MARRIED"  
with Supporting Cast of  
MILTON SILLS WILFRED LUCAS ROSEMARY THEBY  
PAUL BIESEY ORCHESTRA  
Vocal and Instrumental Solos,  
Theatrical Novelties,  
Accompany the Picture's Presentation  
TOMORROW  
TAYLOR HOLMES  
IN GINGER DRESS  
"THREE BLACK EYES"

Riviera Topical Review, Brief Plays,  
Fall Orchestra Performance, Begins 2:30  
P. M., Presented by a Masked 2 at 2:30  
the Musicians' Floor. Open 1:45

Starting Monday for Two Weeks

ELSIE FERGUSON  
Looking and Acting Her Best in a Dazzling Display of Fashionable Frocks as

"A SOCIETY EXILE"

JACKSON PARK  
47TH AND STONY ISLAND AVE.  
Continuous 2 to 11 P. M.

TOM MOORE  
IN—"Heartsease"

HEARST NEWS  
BILLY PARSONS COMEDY

HARPER  
53rd and Harper Ave.—Mat. Daily  
DUSTIN FARNUM  
"A MAN'S FIGHT"  
Extra Musical Attraction  
Returned by Popular Request  
P. B. St. 8:30 P. M.  
America's Foremost Tenor in  
Ballads and Operatic Selections

LEXINGTON 1163 E. 63D STREET  
MATINEE 2:30 P. M.  
BESSIE BARRISCALE  
"The Woman Michael Married"  
Alon Mack Sennett's Latest Comedy  
M. F. Bell, Eddie Polo's New Serial  
Matinee Only—EDDIE POLO'S NEW SERIAL  
"THE WOMAN MICHAEL MARRIED"

COVENT GARDEN 1163 E. 63D STREET  
MATINEE 2:30 P. M.  
MARION DAVIES  
"The Dark Star"  
IN—"The Dark Star"  
By ROBERT W. CHAMBERS

PEOPLES 47TH ST. AT ASHLAND AVE.  
"THE WOMAN THOU GAVEST ME"  
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST

BUCKINGHAM 319 NORTH CLARK ST.  
Continuous 2:30 to 11 P. M.  
EARLE WILLIAMS  
In His Latest Picture  
"The Hornet's Nest"  
Also Gaumont News and Christie Com.  
CONCERT ORCHESTRA

DE LUXE WILSON AVE.—"STA."  
NORMA TALMADGE The Way of a  
Woman

EASTERLY Lincoln & Division  
P. M.—"SQUARE DEAL"  
WM. S. HART  
SAUNDERS  
Added Mat.: Baby Osborne—Old Maid's Baby

FROLIC 5th and St. and  
E. 5th Street  
ETHEL CLAYTON  
An Imp of Impulses in  
"A SPORTING CHANCE"

KENWOOD 1225 E. 5th Street  
BESSIE BARRISCALE  
"THE WOMAN MICHAEL MARRIED"

METROPOLITAN 1300 E. 5th Street  
BESSIE BARRISCALE  
"THE WOMAN MICHAEL MARRIED"  
Fatty Arbuckle—"At the Beach"

SOUTH 1225 E. 5th Street  
PATHE NEWS  
COMEDY  
M. UTT & JEFF F.

LUBRINER & TRINZ 1225 E. 5th Street  
WEST END Closes at West End  
Cont. 1:30-11:30 P. M.

TAYLOR HOLMES  
"THREE BLACK EYES"

OAKLAND SQUARE 1225 E. 5th Street  
BESSIE BARRISCALE  
"THE WOMAN MICHAEL MARRIED"

CHARLES RAY  
in "Bill Henry"

MADISON SQUARE 1225 WEST MADISON ST.  
Continuous 2 to 11:30 P. M.

TOM MOORE  
IN—"Heartsease"

IRVING PARK BOULEVARD  
VIVIAN MARTIN  
"LOUISIANA"

NEW STRAND DIVISION NO. 2000  
WILLIAM S. HART  
in "WAGON TRACKS"

SESSE HAYAKAWA  
Mat. exp. Sat. 8:30 Sun. 1:30  
25c - 35c

PLAISANCE 450 N. PARKSIDE AVE.  
VIVIAN MARTIN  
"LOUISIANA"

In "LOUISIANA"  
And Other Added Attractions

AUSTIN 450 N. PARKSIDE AVE.  
VIVIAN MARTIN  
"LOUISIANA"

GAYETY 600 COMMERCIAL AVENUE  
WALTER AND MYRTLE

FANNIE WARD  
"THE PROFITEERS"

M. UTT & JEFF F.

OAK PARK 365 Avenue  
DUSTIN FARNUM  
"A MAN'S FIGHT"

STAR AND GARTER 25c - 35c

**A Friend in Need**  
Sally Joy Brown

afternoon nor evening exclusively, but which may be worn appropriately for informal occasions either time.

This pattern, No. 9311, comes in sizes 16 and 18 years and 36 to 42 inch bust. Size 36 measures 1 1/2 yards at the lower edge.

"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for each childlike saying printed. The story told must never have appeared in any magazine, book or newspaper. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unavailable contributions.

Please write on one side of the paper. Address bright sayings to Aunty Bee, "Tribune," Chicago.

A new boy moved into the neighborhood, and Gordon's mother heard bad reports about him. "Now, Gordon," she warned, "I don't want you to go over into the next yard and play with

that little boy. I hear he's very naughty."

A short time later she heard Gordon calling over the wall:

"Hey, there, kid! My mother says I ain't to go in your yard 'cause you're

naughty, but you kin come over into mine. I ain't naughty."

C. M.

That little boy, I hear he's very naughty."

A short time later she heard Gordon calling over the wall:

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A short time later she heard Gordon calling over the wall:

HIRE  
MEAT  
de  
re Pork  
t substitute  
ed ham  
e served  
or cold  
ART

## SOCIETY and Entertainments

### Oconomowoc and Geneva in Return Bridge Match Sept. 3



**Miss Theodosia Carlisle**  
Photo by Ray Huff

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Carlson of 1119 Morse ave are announcing the engagement of their daughter, Theodosia, to Phillip E. Willman of Canton, O.

### More War Workers Home from Abroad

The Misses Ruth and Vida Llewellyn, who have been in Y. M. C. A. work in France since last fall, landed in New York City last Saturday and will return to Chicago tomorrow. They and Mrs. Francis T. A. Junkin, Mr. and Mrs. Junkin are entertaining a party of young people at a week end party for their nephew, Mr. Junkin, who went to Washington, D. C. early in the week, arrived home yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Wacker of 31 Bellview place are spending a few weeks at their country place at Lake Geneva.

Mr. Frank M. Stresenreuter and his daughter, Maxine, of Hinsdale, who were injured on Aug. 13, when the horses they were driving shied at a motorcycle and ran into the trees at the golf club, killing the horse and throwing them about sixteen feet, are recovering. Miss Stresenreuter was not severely injured, but her mother was dangerously ill. However, although she is still unable to move, the doctors pronounced that she will not be lame, as was feared at first.

Mr. Walter S. Brewster of Lake Forest will leave Monday for Boston to meet his children, Sarah and Edward, who have been at a camp in Maine all summer. Mr. Brewster will join his wife and family in about a week and will return with them a week later.

Col. and Mrs. Robert H. Morse have been Mrs. Henry A. Haugan's guest at the Haugan summer home, "The Knoll," at Delavan Lake, Wis. Last week Mrs. Haugan had Mrs. E. R. Gandy, Mrs. F. J. Gandy, and Mrs. Katherine Gale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Vincent Gale of 75 East Division street, has gone to Atlantic City to join her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Clifford Gandy of Lancaster, Pa. Mr. and Mrs. Gandy will go to Atlantic City about Sept. 1 for a brief visit.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Spalding and little daughter of Lake Forest will return in about a week from Mackinac, where they went last week to visit Mrs. Spalding's mother, Mrs. Edward A. Cushing.

Mr. and Mrs. Sisson Thompson and daughter, the Misses Julia and Margaret Thompson of Lake Forest, will return on Sept. 3 from a two months' sojourn at Antiquan, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Hawes of Martin of Lake Forest have gone to Atlantic City for a month's visit.

Leonard M. Prince, son of Mrs. George H. Prince of 59 East Division street, left for a month's vacation fishing trip in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin L. Winchell Jr. and family of 439 Arlington place have gone to New York City to join Mrs. Winchell's mother, Mrs. Charles S. Winslow, and her sister, Miss Margaret Winslow, who has just returned from overseas.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock at the South Shore club the National A. A. U. long distance championship for women will be held followed by a women's diving contest. Tomorrow afternoon at 5:30 o'clock there will be a special concert on the lawn and in the evening moving pictures will be shown in the ballroom beginning at 8:30 o'clock.

Miss Leslie F. Pearson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Pearson of 3 West Fifty-seventh street, and Angela Ochre Point, Newport, who will be married to Henry B. Ripley, son of Mrs. Charles R. Scott and the late Sidney Dillon Ripley, on the afternoon of Aug. 30, at the Unitarian church at New York, has chosen Miss Lillian Endicott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Endicott of 109 East Thirty-sixth street, as her maid of honor and only bridal attendant.

### AMUSEMENTS

#### The State-Lake

11 A. M. - CONTINUOUS - 11 P. M.  
VAUDEVILLE - PHOTOPLATES

#### IMHOFF, CONN & COREENE

PATRICIA GEORGE LOVETT  
"ON AUNTIE" SIDNEY PHILLIPS

#### EDELWEISS GARDENS

EVERY NIGHT AT  
Cottage Grove and The Midway

#### MAJESTIC

MAT. DAILY, 15c to 50c  
NIGHTS, 25c to \$1.00  
Supreme Vaudeville

#### HIPPODROME

MR. MARTIN CO. 6 SERENADES THOUGHTS OF HOME

#### COLUMBIA IS OPEN

CLARK M. MADISON - TWICE DAILY, 8:15 & 8:15

#### OLYMPIC

ED. LEE WROTH  
20TH CENTURY MAIDS

#### RAVENIA PARK TONIGHT

"ROMEO AND JULIET" EDITH MASON, ORSON WELLES, D'ANGELO, LEON ROTHES, PRINCE ALBERT, MARION MOREHOUSE, ROBERT CONRAD, CONCERTS 3 P. M. CHICAGO HYDE PARK, 15c. Sunday night, 25c. Last Mat. Today

#### FISKE O'HARA

IN HIS NEW ROMANTIC COMEDY  
"DOWN LIMERICK WAY"

#### STAR AND GARTER

Madison St. Star and Garter Show

### Scotti "Superb" on Return Engagement at Ravinia Park

BY LUCY CALHOUN.

"L'Oracolo" and "Butterfly," last night at Ravinia and the first of Antonio Scotti's return engagement programs: The society editor would have reaped a rich harvest of names if she had come to the park last night, but the society folk were not all. Never has there been such an audience at Ravinia, such a varied audience, and such a gratifyingly large one. The singer set it. Every one of them sang as if inspired. It was decidedly the best performance of "L'Oracolo" given this season, and Sig. Scotti was superb. Leon Rothke's singing of Win Shee was particularly well done. There was fine tone and a dignity of mien well suited to the part. There was a very realistic killing, too.

The Chinese opera, which has become famous to Ravinia fans through some performances given this season, was followed by the second act of Puccini's Japanese tragedy, "Butterfly," in which Scotti made his first appearance this season as Sharpless, the American consul. Again in this part he demonstrated his superb artistry in the way he managed the difficult scenes of the letter. His anger at Pinkerton for putting him in such a position, and his fine sympathy for poor Butterfly was adroitly handled. The audience gave Enrico as "Ah Yoo" in "La Cava" and again as Butterfly was excellent. Romeo and Juliet will be given tonight with Mason and Harrold in the title roles.

Our Mary Garden, it is announced, proposes to sing Aphrodite as her first opera this season, with Mr. Campini's artists. The opera, which is planned as the "tragic grand" type, is by the late Camille Saint-Saens and is founded on a romance of the same name by Pierre Louys. The scene is in Alexandria in the reign of Berenice, about fifty years before Christ. Peter J. Donigan is painting the scenes for it.

German opera is to be given at the Lexington Opera house in New York this season, says a New York dispatch. One of the first operas to be presented with the late Oscar Hammerstein, arrived in New York yesterday from Holland, where he conferred with Dr. Carl Leisiger of Berlin, and enraged, it is said, a number of prominent German singers. One wonders how they will be received.

### ECHOES

"Anyone who was in Company D, 39th infantry, who knew or knew of Private Ernest B. Pressel, will be conferring a great favor by communicating to Pressel's parents and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Pressel, 910 Twelfth avenue, Moline, Ill., any particulars concerning his death, which occurred, according to official notice, on Sept. 26, 1918, in France," reads a letter to THE TRIBUNE.

Sgt. David C. Shanahan, discharged at Camp Lee, Va., from Company C, 115th machine gun battalion, writes: "Will you kindly inquire for my discharge, which I lost along the 'L' in the stockyards, between the church and the general offices of Swift & Co.? It bore serial No. 1323014." The man who will guide the plane will steer with one hand and blow a trumpet in the other. The stars, airplane, and trumpet will be used as a means of announcing an open air meeting at Racine and Leland avenues under the auspices of the church.

### OBITUARY

The twenty-third reunion of the La Loche club will be held at a picnic tomorrow at St. James Grove, the Sag. The returned soldiers and sailors will be special guests. High mass will be celebrated at 10:30. The Rev. Stephen E. McMahon will preach.

Mr. Charles Beatty, R. R. No. 2, Keweenaw, Mich., writes for news of her brother, Arthur George Skinner, Company L, 26th infantry, 1st division. He was reported missing in action Oct. 5, 1918. A telegram May 28, 1919, reported him dead. He was reported a corporal in the casualties. No further particulars could be obtained.

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## DR. ROBERTSON ON TRAIL OF AIR POLLUTERS

**Mayor Makes the Health Commissioner Smoke Bureau Head.**

Dr. John Dill Robertson is Chicago's smoke inspector today as well as its health commissioner. The change was made by executive order of Mayor Thompson yesterday and Dr. Robertson immediately announced plans for an intensive campaign against air pollution.

The mayor's order simply carries out the will of the city council, which appropriated for the smoke bureau as a division of the health department. In his order the mayor says that he does not believe such an important branch of the city government to cease functioning merely because the city council did not do its duty in respect to making an appropriation as required by law, and that therefore he has issued the order.

"Clean air is as important as clean water," said Dr. Robertson when he heard of his new duties. "The people of this city could not stand for pollution of their water supply for a minute and there is no more reason why they should allow their air supply to be contaminated."

"I intend to enlist the cooperation of every man and woman in Chicago who runs a furnace. I believe I can make them see the wisdom of clean air both from the standpoint of sanitation and economy. I will write letters to each property owner this fall telling them why they should clean their chimneys and save on their coal bills and at the same time keep the air clean."

## Letters Tell How to Beat High Cost of Living

*It is much easier cutting down expenses in summer than in winter. Those who would walk instead of ride find it easier to do so when the weather's warm. It is a simpler matter to manage without ice than to manage without coal, and the amount of gas and electricity which one burns in summer is not to be compared with the winter's supply.*

*Many of the letters received have to do with warm weather economies. With the first break days of fall will come a change in expenses cut—and expenses added to.*

*This is the ripe harvest time for the cutting down of expenses. Are you taking advantage of it? And what are you doing without?*

*"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for every letter published.*

*Some Food Savings.*

*I buy dried fruits and dried vegetables when less expensive than the fresh ones. I buy 15 cents' worth of boneless stewing beef and boil with vegetables for the heavy meal for four people. I cook oatmeal for every breakfast instead of using expensive cereals. I make my own bread, putting in some milk, water, yeast, left over bread, cereal, or bread crumbs, and tried out fat from meat. This makes a nourishing bread and lasts much longer than bakery bread.*

*L. H. P.*

*Enters Baking Business.*

*I am a married woman with a family of small children, so I make our bread at home, as it certainly goes farther than the baker's bread. I often have to use up my next door neighbor if she wouldn't let me make her bread at the same time, which she did. She likes it so well that she told some of the other neighbors, and now I bake eight loaves of bread every day before noon, six of which net me 50 cents.*

*Mrs. E. M.*

*Walks More.*

*Get the walking habit, and thus save your fares—and also add to your good health. When the fare was almost doubled, my husband and some friends decided to walk that mile, starting to work a little earlier. The result is a financial saving and, better than that, better health for all.*

*H. C.*

*A Real Saving.*

*I had a pair of pillow cases of good quality in which the hemstitching had worn out. Instead of buying new cases at the present high prices, I purchased enough of the narrowest plain swiss embroidery heading to put in place of the hemstitching. The pillow cases are just as pretty as before and will last twice as long as they otherwise would have done.*

*Hemstitched towels and sheets may be made to do double duty by this same method.*

*Mrs. J. D.*

New September Numbers of

# Columbia Records

Stracciari Sings Sublimely  
"The Sunshine of Your Smile"

Stracciari is magnificent in this impassioned plea for love. His voice is vibrant with vivid feeling, which he makes you share. To hear this record is to realize how much greater is a great popular song when sung by a great artist.

49590-\$1.50



Barbara Maurel Sings  
"Love's Old Sweet Song"

Just a song at twilight, when the lights are low  
and "Kathleen Mavourneen"

Kathleen Mavourneen—when the gray dawn is breaking

It is a revelation to hear Barbara Maurel sing these two songs which everybody loves. The old words take on new meanings in her tender, thrilling tones.

A-6112-\$1.50

Jacobsen Is At His Best  
in "Dear Old Pal of Mine"

Sascha Jacobsen searches your heart in this song set to music for the violin. The yearning notes from his magic bow make you yearn for your own old pals. On the reverse he plays bewitchingly Victor Herbert's dainty "Serenade."

A-2753-\$1.00

The 38 new Columbia selections for September include 1 Grand Opera song, 3 popular songs by Grand Opera stars, 5 other popular songs, 4 tenor solos, 3 tenor duets, 2 Hawaiian orchestra popular pieces, 2 instrumental novelties, 2 violin solos, 1 symphony orchestra selection in 4 parts, 1 trio, 1 quartette, and 10 dances.

New Columbia Records on Sale the 10th and 20th of Every Month

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY, New York

Open Saturday Until 5:30 P. M.

THE only time limit on our guarantee of satisfaction is the one you put on it. You decide what satisfaction means to you; you tell us if you're not satisfied; money cheerfully refunded.

## WHAT'S NEW?

Double-breasteds—with or without belts; high chests, longer coats, more flare.

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX made them expressly for us; you know what to expect in fabrics, in fine tailoring, and in smart style when these makers do their best. That's what you'll find in these clothes—their best; the finest clothes we've ever seen.

We have some very stunning single-breasted models also; coats a little longer; new ideas in shape and placing of pockets; half-belts, full belts, detachable belts; with a decided flare to the skirts.

The whole effect is of vigor, erectness, a jauntiness of youth. We show \$50

And at \$35, \$40, \$45, \$55, \$60, \$70



Copyright: Hart Schaffner & Marx

## Custom-like suits; ready made

THE distinguishing mark of these suits for business men is that they're shaped by hand tailoring, not by padding or heavy interlinings. Makes a much lighter coat, makes it fit and hang better, keep shape better. There's no reason why exactly the same methods of construction can't be used in ready made clothes; the only wonder is that we haven't done it before. You'll like them. We can fit you.

\$50

And at \$35, \$40, \$45, \$55, \$60, \$70

## Get your fall overcoat early

WE'LL show you the best products of America and Great Britain. Motor coats, top coats, dress overcoats; rain-proofed if you want it. Scotch tweeds, gabardines, khit fabrics, coverts. We're headquarters for the famous Burberry English coats. Big values at

\$50

And at \$40, \$45, \$55, \$60, \$70

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

# Maurice L. Rothschild

Good clothes; nothing else

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago  
Minneapolis  
St. Paul

SECTION  
GENERAL  
MARKETS, W.

CRANE STRIKE  
WRECK CAR  
WOUND WORK

Six Hurt When  
Are Hurled  
Rioters.

Striking employees of the may tried to wreck a Kedzie street car with bricks this afternoon. They hurled stones at the car, which hit two men severely. Some women slightly, and one among the other passengers was slightly hurt. The police were called to the scene.

William Garbe of 1100 North street and Irving Hobek of Fourteenth street, employees of the company, were knocked unconscious by bricks, and after receiving attention at the plant were sent home. The women stood by and left the scene before the police could get there.

"I'll kill the person who did this," said Garbe.

Strike Six Weeks  
Six weeks ago the entire big plant of the company, which employs 1,000 men, was called out on an organized sent out by the Federation of Labor. After a large number of employees struck, the company refused to grant them a raise.

A poll of the employees of the plant showed that 95 per cent of them wanted to go back to work when the strike was granted. The company, however, refused to grant the demands. The strike was called off.

At 4 o'clock yesterday all employees quit work and began to homes on street cars. At 8 o'clock a crowd of strikers gathered around the terminal and commenced to hurl bricks down the trolley, and tried to stop it. Strikers hurried up, stopped the trolley, and the injured to the plant.

No First Troubles  
It was learned from the Park Police last night that on the street car No. 1000, a woman attendant, who was on the car, was struck by a brick. Thursday night John St. years old, of 1237 South Union, a laborer employed at the plant, it is said, continued to work after the strike was set upon at West Thirty-eighth place Kedzie avenue.

Early yesterday morning of rioters formed outside J. Sparling at 301 West street, a crane employee, stones, breaking all the front of the house.

SOUTH PARK  
SCALE IS R  
TEN PER

Employers of the south were given a 10 per cent bonus yesterday. The south p a meeting in the administration building in Washington park, the regular wages of all per cent in addition to the war bonus authorized so the bonus will extend un

Pension was granted to the men who were always leading to the Sixth terminal on the east Island avenue. This will enable the men to enter Jackson having to cross the street.

The board refused to grant a pension and electrical for new automobiles to those who have traveled \$6,000 last six years.

The question of an immediate deferral.

Bring Bodies of  
Victims

The bodies of the Lake Michigan who died Lakeside, Mich., on Thursday in Chicago today. It had occurred when Alfr. and 7 year old sons of Mr. Harper awoke in their depths. Mrs. Don, their mother, ran to drown him. Mr. Shaffer the Manhattan Brewing was in Chicago at the time, but hurried to Lakeside as possible.

Dyers Refuse Arbitration with Striking

Officers of the Master Dyers Association in the city yesterday declared that arbitration is being made to arbitrate with striking employees. An agreement will have to be reached before the voluntary return of

SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1919.

\* 15

## CRANE STRIKERS WRECK CAR AND WOUND WORKERS

Six Hurt When Bricks  
Are Hurled by  
Rioters.

Working employees of the Crane company tried to wreck a north bound Lake street car with bricks late yesterday afternoon. They hurled enough of them to break every window in the car, hurt two men severely, four men slightly, and caused a panic among the other passengers. Police at a nearby station, the big plant several blocks away hurried to the scene and the strikers fled.

William Gandy of 1100 North Wood street and George Hobok of 550 West Dearborn street, employees of the company on their way home, were injured unconscious by the flying bricks and after receiving medical attention at the plant they were taken to the hospital. The women were hurt badly and left the scene of the riot when the police could obtain their names.

At the Holab home a woman, who failed to give her name, but who said that she is a sister of one of the injured, said that he is confined to his bed.

"I'll kill the person who struck me," she said, "if I ever find out who it was."

Strike Six Weeks Old.

Two weeks ago the entire force of 10,000 employees was called out on a strike by agents sent out by the American Federation of Labor. After enrolling a large number of employees a new scale of wages and other conditions were presented to the company, which refused to grant them.

A poll of the employees on the proposition of going back to work on conditions was granted by the company, but many men, and due to the large number of those who wanted to return to work the plant was opened on Tuesday morning with about half of the former employees. Police guarded it in the immediate vicinity, while a large number of special policemen trayed to sit at night watching the valuable machinery.

Order Car to Stop.

At 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon the strikers quit work and left for their homes on street cars. At West Thirty-third street a crowd of the strikers surrounded one of the cars to stop. They commenced to hurl bricks at it, pulled down the trolley, and tried to drag the car into the street. The police hurried up, stopped the riot, and took the injured to the plant and took them to their homes.

Not First Trouble.

It was learned from the Brighton Park police last night that the attack in the street car was not the first trouble recently attendant upon the strike at the Crane plant.

Thursday night John Stahleshaw, 59 years old, of 1127 South Union avenue, a laborer employed at the plant, who was not record, continued to work despite the strike was set upon and beaten at West Thirty-eighth place and Miss Hall avenue.

Early this morning a crowd of strikers formed outside the home of J. Spangler at 3042 West Forty-first street a crane employee, and threw stones, breaking all the windows in the front of the house.

## SOUTH PARK PAY SCALE IS RAISED TEN PER CENT

Employes of the south park system were given a 10 per cent boost in pay yesterday. The south park board, at a meeting in the administration building Washington park, voted to raise the pay scale of all employes 10 per cent in addition to the 1 per cent war bonus authorized earlier this year. The bonus will extend until next May.

Fermilion was granted the South Side Elevated road to erect two stairways leading to the Sixty-third street terminal on the east side of Stony Island avenue. This will enable passers to enter Jackson park without having to cross the street.

The board refused requests of the engineers for electrical departments for new automobiles to replace the ones which have traveled 66,000 miles in the last six years.

The question of annexing part of Morris Park to the park district was deferred.

## Bring Bodies of Lake Victims to Chicago

The bodies of the three victims of Lake Michigan who drowned near Lakeside, Mich., on Thursday, will arrive in Chicago today. The tragic misfortune occurred when Alfred and Robert, 9 and 7 year old sons of Philip Shaffner, 522 Harper avenue, lay beyond their depth. Mrs. Dorothy Shaffner, their mother, ran to the rescue and drowned. Mr. Shaffner is secretary of the Manhattan Brewing company. He was in Chicago at the time of the tragedy, but hurried to Lakeside as soon as possible.

## Dyers Refuse Arbitration with Striking Employes

Officers of the Master Cleaners and Dyers association in the Hotel Sherman yesterday declared that no move is being made to arbitrate differences with striking employes, and that any settlement will have to come through the voluntary return of the strikers.

**CAUGHT**  
Girl Who Went to Have Picture Taken and Was Taken Herself.



Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Lind  
Photo - Chambers Studio

## GAY LIFE TO FADE AT SOUTH SHORE COUNTRY CLUB

Campbell and Brown to  
Seek Election on  
Proprieties.

It's all over but the pouting at the South Shore Country club. The shivering shrimpy has failed to survive and the fags for women—well, that also appears to have burned out its popularity.

John G. Campbell, an attorney, who will run for president against Everett C. Brown, incumbent, in the annual election Oct. 18, says the "members" ticket has been pledged to strict discipline and enforcement of the present rules.

The "present rules" call for a continuation of the present censorship, and said restriction is unpopular with some of the youthful dashing South Shoreans.

Mr. Brown let it be known last night that if he is reelected he intends to "make every one toe the line."

### Younger Set Disappointed.

These statements by the leaders of opposing tickets appear to destroy the last hopes of the younger set that a "free and easy" policy will prevail.

Reports had made the merry-go-round of the South Shore club forecast that Mr. Campbell, if elected, would kind of bring the ban. Nothing doing.

Somebody evidently has been endeavoring to place the "members" ticket in a bad light," Mr. Campbell said last night.

### Opinions Differ.

When told that Mr. Campbell promised to be a strict disciplinarian, Mr. Brown said:

"I don't know about that. I have been told that on several occasions he has voted in favor of members who have been disciplined."

Mr. Brown was asked what was meant by the distribution of cards to members which requested their opinion on "whether the present strict enforcement of the rules governing the conduct of members is desired" or "if greater liberty and lax discipline" is favored.

He said:

"I merely want to get the opinion of the members on what policy they desire. There is no other meaning to it. So far I have received several hundred replies and only five voiced their favor of greater liberty and lax discipline."

That man leaves a widow and six children," said Mr. Davis. "This one leaves a larger family. The death of both children were due to carelessness."

The visitors did not know the persons whose bodies they viewed. Apparently they wanted to get away from the distasteful surroundings as soon as possible. But they had to stay until the service described the manner in which each was killed in an automobile accident.

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## INVESTORS' GUIDE

## CONTINENTAL TO AID IN MOVE FOR WARFIELD PLAN

**Chicago Banks Expected to Give Cash to Finance Idea.**

**Loan Society.**

The Bank society operates "loan which lend money to wage workers at high rates. All is obtained by selling 6 per cent. With them are issued profit certificates as a bonus. The capital stock represents more than the debentures are a part business venture rather than an investment. The company in 1914 and in that year per cent on debentures and profit sharing bonds. In 1915 was 2 per cent and in 1916 and 2 per cent. No report for 1918 available account in furnishing comparison of balance sheets but all earnings have been paid should not exchange Liberty debentures.

**Utility Battery has been Available information indicating the stock is almost purely**

**the position of Lee Rubber and has been reviewed recently.**

**The American Real Estate has been reviewed. Stock appears value.**

## BUSINESS GEST EVER IN DISTRICT

**New of Chicago trade, put G. Dun & Co., today will**

**large business for the story heard on all sides Retailers' August sales are record and miscellaneous buyers on a generous scale that has pre-**

**distribution of merchandise ahead of that for the first of last year. Dress goods, and underwear are more popular prices are recorded and they are advances not retard buying.**

**business this month is the same in this district. Clothing in greater quantities than usual. Manufacturing operations are increasing. Merchants are in sales in larger numbers than from the far west and collections are uniformly**

## LIBERTY BOND PRICES

**Net High Low Close chg.**

**First 51st \$92.92 92.82 92.85 - .04**

**Second 51st \$92.88 92.74 92.76 - .04**

**Third 51st \$94.36 94.10 94.10 - .04**

**Fourth 51st \$92.88 92.90 92.93 - .05**

**Fifth 51st \$94.96 94.70 94.76 - .05**

**Sixth 51st \$93.26 93.14 93.16 - .05**

**Seventh 51st \$94.66 94.50 94.60 - .05**

**Eighth 51st \$95.66 95.50 95.60 - .06**

**Ninth 51st \$95.66 95.50 95.60 - .06**

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# CONGRESS HOTEL BUYS MICHIGAN BOULEVARD FEES

Pays \$262,500 for 52 Feet of Land Now Occupied.

## Real Estate Transfers

Real estate transfers yesterday totaled 229, including 26 Torrens, and involved a total consideration of \$463,392. There were 186 in the city and 48 outside:

Lake View ... 11 South Town ... 12 Jefferson ... 35 Woodlawn ... 2 North Town ... 2 Madison ... 2 Hyde Park ... 2 Thornton ... 3 Lake ... 36 Calumet ... 5 West Town ... 55 Roscoe ... 4 Cicero ... 13 Lyons ... 2 Remen ... 2 New Trier ... 2 Riverside ... 24

The Congress Hotel company has purchased from the trustees for Mary V. McCormick the fees at \$10 and 524 Michigan Boulevard for a stated consideration of \$262,500, both being under the hotel. The first is 26x110 feet, being 87 feet south of Congress street, and was under lease for 99 years from 1902 at an annual rental of \$4,500. While the latter, 26x127 feet, was under lease for 10 years from 1905 at an annual rental of \$6,000. The sale is on a per cent basis. The transaction was negotiated by David S. Simon and E. W. Elsner, representing the purchasers. Simeon and Ira E. Straus acted for the purchaser in a legal way, while W. B. McIlvaine represented the McCormicks.

The requirement of these properties was in accordance with the plans of the Hoffmanns, who now own 188 feet in fee simple, out of a total of 369 feet in Michigan Boulevard under the hotel, which they operate, and in which they are the principal stockholders.

### Author Buys Real Estate.

Rex Beach, the author, is investing his money in Chicago apartment buildings, according to a deal filed for record yesterday. Together with Louis M. Henoch he has purchased from Courtney R. Gleason a 24 apartment building of four, five, and six rooms at the north-east corner of University avenue and Forty-fourth place for an indicated consideration of \$100,000, subject to an incurrence of \$56,000, the purchasers paying \$60,000 cash, according to the revenue statement on the deed. The building was erected about seven years ago, and is said to have a gross annual rental of about \$15,000.

The West Englewood-Ashland State Bank has acquired from John Bain the property at the northeast corner of Sixty-third street and Marshfield avenue, lot 32x123 feet, improved with a two story building for an indicated consideration of \$47,000, subject to an incurrence of \$15,000. It is stated the bank, which is now located a half block west of this property, will occupy it with its business. Mr. Bain, in turn, conveyed to the bank the store on flat property in Sixty-third street, 31 feet west of June street, at an indicated consideration of \$17,000, subject to \$7,000, and property in Fifty-ninth street, 228 feet east of Springfield avenue.

**Wabash Avenue Deal.**

There also was filed for record the purchase by Ernest H. Lyons from Florian D. Wallace, the property on Wabash avenue, 525 feet south of Roosevelt road, lot 57x145 feet, east front, with an indicated consideration of \$57,000, subject to an incurrence of \$30,000.

Simon Rosenberg has sold to James F. Graham the property in Eighteenth street, 112 feet west of Halsted street, lot 68x145 feet, east front, with business improvements, for an indicated consideration of \$37,600, subject to \$27,500.

The business property in Sixty-third

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION  
OF THE TRIBUNE

### INDEX TO CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

### ACCOUNTANTS AND ANTIQUES

### AUTOMOBILES

### ELECTRIC

### AUTOMOBILE TRUCKS

### AUTOMOBILES

### REPAIRS

### ACCIDENTS

### ACCOUNTANTS

### ACCOUNTANT

### ADVERTISING

**WANTED—MALE HELP.**  
Stores and Offices.  
**LEDGER CLERK**

WTD.—STENOGRAPHER. Busy man where good salary is required; capable of work or compensation. Address A G 507.

WTD.—SECY. H. S. AND UNL. writing own letters. Etc.

WTD.—STENO. 8 yrs. Exp. and commercial; want good salary. Address A G 508.

WTD.—IP. YOUR STENOGRAPHER. Your prompt, exp. translat. translation. DONALD.

WTD.—STENO. 10 yrs. Exp. and commercial; want good salary. Address A G 509.

WTD.—LADY GOING TO CALIF. Montello 967.

WTD.—HIGH CLASS JAPANESE. 16 natives in com. ribune.

WTD.—MALE HELP.

re and Office Manager.

opening for a man who understand complete office experience.

good funds available to give age, reference, etc.

SENIOR ASSISTANT—MANY years experience for audit, account offered, applications treated.

WTD.—GENERAL COST. EXPERT

of cost accounting and man-

agement. Address A G 507.

CAPABLE OF HANDLING discont Department, inc.

and salary. Address T T

WTD.—SKILLFUL ABILITY TO give us experience. Regis-

T BOOKKEEPER department store.

NEIMER & CO., Ashland-av.

COST ACCOUNTANT—BY full participant. Address

KEEPERS. several openings fit department for young men as bookkeepers; accu-

good penmanship; exceptional oppor-

advancement. Ap-

Manager, 5th floor.

THE FAIR.

PER—FOR SALES WEST SIDE COR-

SET OF BOOKS

POSITIONING SYS-

TE FULLY EXPE-

RIMENT, AND SALARY ADDRESS T S

NE.

KEEPER. OF HANDLING

LEDGER OF

URING COR-

MUST BE RAPID

RATE. STATE

AGE, AND

DESIRED. AD-

21, TRIBUNE.

WTD.—EXPERIENCED

FLORIST.

Apply 14th floor.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

WTD.—BRIGHT, ENERGETIC 16 to 18, FOR

fling, corresp. and attending phone switch-

boards; \$13 to start. Apply on Mon-

day, 8 to 10. MONTAIGNE IRON WORKS,

111 N. Dearborn-st.

WTD.—17 YRS. OF AGE AND OVER, ON

light machine and assembling work in a

factory; must have certificate. Apply at

CO. 111 N. Paulina-st.

BOY—BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS BOY, 16 YRS.

and upward. Excellent opportunity to de-

velop himself in office of a

manufacturing concern; good salary to start; rapid

advancement.

BELBER TRUNK & BAG CO.,

225 N. Peoria-st., 2d floor.

WTD.—EXPERIENCED

FLORIST.

Apply 14th floor.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

WTD.—BRIGHT, ENERGETIC 16 to 18, FOR

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velop himself in office of a

manufacturing concern; good salary to start; rapid

advancement.

J. L. TAYLOR & CO.,

535 S. FRANKLIN, 10TH FL.

CIVIL ENGINEER—ONE WHO HAS

experience in calculating railroad frogs and

crossings. Address A G 181. Tribune.

COMPOSITOR.

Two-thirdr for small shop;

excellent working conditions.

NABERS & CO.,

535 S. Clark-st.

EDITION—ARTURIAN WINDER AND

motor repair man. 6330 So. Mozart-st.

EDISON—ASSIST IN SHIPPING DEPT. 14-

16 yrs. old. HENRICK & FISH, 125 S. Marcy.

EDISON—AS GENERAL OFFICE BOY. WRITE

letter. Good pay. 16 yrs. old. Expected.

EDISON—GENERAL WORK. APPL'D

CO. 111 N. Dearborn-st.

EDISON—TO ERRANDS: GOOD WAGES.

Apply 3d fl.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO., RETAIL.

EDISON—WHOLESALE EMPLOYER.

B D 421. Tribune.

EDISON—QUICK AND

ACCURATE. ADDRESS A G 580.

EDISON—EXECUTIVE.

ADDRESS A G 580.

EDISON—EXECUTIVE—MUST HAVE

GOOD MANNER, PREPARED.

EDISON—GENERAL WORK. ADDRESS A G 580.



FEMALE HELP.  
See and more.  
EXP. RELIABLES FOR  
GIRLS, 312 ADDY-SATIN  
Wilson Hotel, 18th and Mich.  
GIRLS.

WANTED FOR  
FACTORY  
IN A SANITARY  
UNDERWEAR  
GOOD WAGES  
RT AND GOOD  
SES LATER; NO  
ENCE NEEDED.  
CAN ALSO USE A  
ER OF PART  
WORKERS.  
NS & MARBLE,  
MARKET-ST.

SOVER 16.  
ART factory work.

pleasant worker condi-  
tions, and much en-  
joyment. Good working  
hours. Write or call.  
Hermetic Co.,  
W. 16th-st.

GIRLS  
enclose circulars.  
s 8 to 4:30.  
ay half day.

S & SCHRAM,  
W. 35th-st.  
FOR FILING.  
Also  
s. Apply Adjust.  
2d floor.  
PICK & CO.,  
Randolph.

IRLS  
rom 6 to 12 p. m.  
ady for work.  
Power Co.,  
Illinoist.

WRAPPING  
clean, light  
in our parcel  
work. Good start-  
for Mr. Falk-  
k. McClurg &  
io-st.

RLS.  
Vanted

factory work.

BLACK,  
25th-st.

ANTED - FOR  
TORY WORK.  
CETING WAGES  
E FOR AD-  
2949 W. VAN

FACTORY  
week to start;

MIER & CO.,  
organ-st.

LS.  
factory. Ex-  
cessory.

PALMER & CO  
dams-st.

18 YEARS.  
positions.  
necessity.

employment office.

EANS & BROS.,  
Madison-st.

RS OF AGE  
general office

HIN SEXTON  
Ininois.

ED FOR FEEDING  
machines; also girls  
pulling old  
floor co.

HT ASSEM-  
s-rv.

AGE AND OVER  
sembling work is not  
experience; not nec-  
essary.

DETECTIVE  
must have good  
experience.

WORK IN DELICA-  
cally North Shore

LING AND GEN-  
de residents: \$10  
CO. 1507 W. VAN

GHT FACTORY  
factory. Ex-  
cessory.

THE FILM PRINT-  
factory; per-  
sonal. Worker. Bo-

MILING WORK  
WORKS.

GRANDS GO TO  
MRS. AL-

SHADE WORK  
s. Apply 10 S.

PHONE IN RE-  
exp. not nec-  
essary.

WORK EXCEL-  
lently in person  
Lake-st.

18 to 20. TO  
R GOLDSTONE

UPON POWER  
KANDAL CO.

CART. St. De-  
carborn, Iow.

T BE RAPID-  
B. MER-  
700.

RR: EXPEN-  
short hrs.;  
Harvard-av.

COLL WINDER-APPLY MASTER ELEC  
tric Co. 105 W. Randolph-st.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP.  
Girls-Office and Factory.

GIRLS WANTED  
in gas mantle factory, 16  
years and over; \$18 per wk  
to start; rapid advancement;  
hours, 8:15 to 5:30, 1 p. m.  
Saturday.

LINDSAY LIGHT COMPANY  
161 E. GRAND-av.

GIRL OR WOMEN,  
Several for light factory  
work, labelers; well ventilat-  
ed, clean, and congenial  
working conditions; 1 o'clock  
Saturday; good wages to  
start. See MRS. KORBECK,  
445 W. 59th-st.

GREAT ATLANTIC &  
PACIFIC TEA CO.

GIRLS WANTED  
for our canning dept.  
Good pay and good working  
conditions.

OSCAR F. MAYER & BRO.,  
1241 Sedgwick-st.

GIRLS-FOR FOLDING AND  
mailing and inclosing. No  
experience necessary. Fine  
working conditions. Close  
daily 4:45. Saturday at noon  
all year round. Good start-  
ing salary with advancement  
to \$18. Address BABSON BROS.,  
2845 W. 19th-st.

GIRLS - EXPERIENCED  
and inexperienced, to work  
on overalls; union shop; good  
pay to beginners. Steady  
work, 44 hours a week.

JOHN RISSMAN & SON,  
841 Blue Island-av.

GIRL - TO CHECK ORDERS - GOOD FE-  
RE. HEMPP & MISH. 125 S. Market.

GIRLS-FOR HOUSEKEEPING.

NURSE-OVER 2 FOR 2 YR OLD CHILD

5714 Gracefield.

GIRLS-EXPERIENCED - MAID -  
experienced, room alone; beautiful home in High-  
land Park, etc.; requires young woman hotel  
and restaurant work. Call Highland Park 632-  
5000.

MATRON-MIDDLE AGED WOMAN TO ACT  
as matron over girls in West Side mfg. co.;  
atmosphere of home; hospital in giving first aid. 18 penty 7731 Sheridan rd.

MAID-GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER; NO UN-  
dressing; good salary; prefer one from the Park  
7975.

MAID - COMPETENT SECOND MAID WITH  
good experience. Room and board. Call 18th and West  
Highland Park; wages \$12. Address 1441.

MAID-GENERAL HSUWKA. FAM-  
ily of 2 good wages. Apply before noon. 1450.  
MAIL-GEN HSUWKA AND COOKING NO  
washing or ironing; one who appreciates a  
quiet home. Call 18th and West Highland Park; wages  
\$12. Address 1441.

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MAIL-GEN



## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

APARTMENTS—WEST SIDE

HOUSES—SOUTH SIDE

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

HOUSES—NORTH SIDE

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

HOUSES—MIDWEST SIDE

FOR SALE

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

TWO STORY BUNGALOW

FOR SALE

## MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

**REBUILT STEINWAY PIANOS**

On account of the severe shortage of high grade pianos in the market, their extensive repair shop busy, reconstructing a number of beautiful Steinway pianos. In this way the piano is changed in its outward appearance, making the requirements of the customer. The parts used in these instruments are from the Steinway & Sons factory. The Steinway will sell at a reasonable price, and the Steinway & Sons' piano is the best buy in the market. The Steinway is the superior instrument at an attractive figure. The cost of payment is the same as to any other piano. The following and many other instruments are to be seen:

## STEINWAY UPRIGHTS: small

## medium, polished, solid wood, \$325

## STEINWAY UPRIGHT, straight,

## case, one tone, \$325

## STEINWAY UPRIGHT, case, \$325



# Hearst's Magazine—a Liberal Education

TAKE any magazine—the one you read most regularly—and compare it with Hearst's. Count the number of features—see if it has twenty-eight of them, as has Hearst's for September. Compare, if you like, simply the amount of reading matter; compare, page by page, the number and variety of the illustrations. Completely satisfy yourself first, if you will, as to the money-value you get in Hearst's!



"They say that they are happy and do not wish to return . . . among friends they had loved and lost."

HEAVEN by SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE

—Page 21, September Hearst's



"I stared in wonder at the great buildings and the crowds. I was frightened, bewildered, ready to cry."

INTO ANARCHY—AND OUT AGAIN, by MARIE GANZ

—Page 9, September Hearst's

TAKE your favorite magazine—the one you have read for years—compare it article by article, story by story, picture by picture—with Hearst's. Compare, one by one, the writers; their skill and reputation. Contrast the ordinary run-of-magazine story with the splendid fiction in Hearst's. Contrast the old-fashioned long-winded magazine "article," with the snap and sparkle of those in Hearst's.

FOURTEEN out of the twenty-eight features in Hearst's for September are serious features. Not dull, not preachy, but neither fiction, nor frivolous. For example, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle outlines his conception of Heaven; Marie Ganz writes of her life as an East Side child; Lt Commander Richardson tells how it feels to be lost on an airplane in mid-ocean; Epitacio Pessoa, President of Brazil, gives his impressions of America; B. C. Forbes introduces a man who has solved the Labor Problem; and so on throughout the whole brilliant list.



"Is success an accident or must we follow the formulas in the "Do-as-I-do" magazines? See DO FORTUNES JUST HAPPEN by WILLIAM A. DUPUY —Page 36, September Hearst's"



"You are even less a gentleman than you appear to be, aren't you?" she said coolly.

THE ARISTOCRAT by LARRY EVANS

—Page 10, September Hearst's

DO you like Novels—fresh from the pen of the author? Do you like the "best-sellers" before everybody else has talked them to death—before they become moving pictures or even books? There are three—and often four—great serials always running in Hearst's. In September, for example, "This Light Must Live," a vivid story of New York Bohemianism by Arthur Stringer; "Resurrection Rock," a mystery of the Michigan Forests by Edwin Balmer; "The Box With Broken Seals," a tale of love and adventure by E. Phillips Oppenheim.

ARE you a judge of good short stories? How about W. W. Jacobs, the noted English humorist, in "Husbandry"? or Maurice Level, the best of the modern French writers, in "All Saint's Day"? or Larry Evans, Robert W. Chambers, F. Britten Austin, Derek Vane, Frederick L. Anderson, Arthur Somers Roche—each in a bit of his very best work. Nine great short stories in Hearst's for September. See if you can find nine to equal them in any two other magazines?



"I didn't know who my own people were until I was seven years old. I thought I was an Indian."

RESURRECTION ROCK by EDWIN BALMER

—Page 42, September Hearst's



"Dick turned his fall into a flying tackle and caught the knees of the fugitive."

THE VOICE FROM THE MACHINE by ARTHUR SOMERS ROCHE

—Page 23, September Hearst's

MAYBE you like books, pictures, plays, perhaps even poems! Maybe you like to glance now and then at an interesting item on science. Seven or eight pages of Hearst's each month are regularly devoted to little reviews of this sort. What do you know of Joseph Conrad's new book; of Angela Morgan's new poem; of the "Three Wise Fools;" of Castelucio, the great Spanish painter; of the new sort of weather reporting that must result from airplanes? See Hearst's for September.

The object of Hearst's Magazine is to entertain and enlighten. Through all its entertainment, however, runs a certain serious purpose—a certain very definite mission.



BODY AND SOUL by ROBERT W. CHAMBERS



"She made a swift motion with her left hand and out of her empty open palm came a blinding beam of light."

—Page 53, September Hearst's

The mission of Hearst's Magazine is to discuss, elucidate and solve the vital questions of family and public life that people themselves are considering and discussing.

IF YOU don't care for a magazine that will make you think—if you are not actually interested in a magazine a bit beyond the ordinary—you won't want Hearst's this month or any other. BUT if you want the works of the world's great writers; if you want the words of the world's real leaders; if you want the thoughts of the world's great thinkers; don't fail to make sure each month—starting now with September—of your regular copy of

# Hearst's

A Magazine with a Mission

MANY newsdealers report that their supply of Hearst's is sold out completely a day or two after the magazine arrives. Only as many copies are printed as are ordered in advance.

To AVOID disappointment in getting your copy each month, you are advised to buy your Hearst's at once and to leave with your news dealer regular reservation for all future numbers.

9 PARTS  
Part  
1—Story.  
2—Sports.  
3—Entertainment.  
4—Color Section.  
5—Gists.

VOLUME

S  
MEXICAN  
EIGHT B  
AS KID

Seized in Da  
Raid; Ya  
Push

BULLET  
Laredo, Tex., Aug.  
newspapers received  
tinal references to re  
gro, Yucatan, of a  
several British war  
British Honduras.

The papers add th  
advices from Vera  
ships, believed to  
passed that port no  
few days ago.

Marfa, Tex., Aug. 23  
believed to be part of  
faria gang which kid  
G. Peterson and P. J.  
ican aviators, have b  
Mexican federal trou  
Chihuahua, according  
Col. George T. Lang  
jean Consul Cosme Ba  
sido tonight.

The bandits were ca  
fall after the federa  
rounded it, the report  
had marched to Coya  
hua City. The prisone  
Chihuahua City by G  
gue's cavalry, the re

Army headquarters  
the Mexican cavalry  
seen by aviators in  
Coyame. The time of  
Prunedas also asked  
aviators reconnoiter t  
Las Palomas, Chihuah  
bandits had been rep

The reported captur  
taken to confirm eas  
the Mexican federa  
with the American  
forces.

It was believed here  
would be executed at  
after court martial, a  
has been conducting a  
aign against Americans

The American pun  
today continued its  
objective, which was a

It was the first time

dition has marched in

the troops have been c

arate columns to run

bandits' location.

Scouts are searchin  
certain canyons, as they

that the bandits are

The troops will sp

Sunday in Mexico in

it is planned to make

to reach the next base

Abandon Cattle Th

El Paso, Tex., Aug.  
United States cav

Mexico below Fort Ha

today in a chase after

thieves who had r

ranches in that vicini

James B. Erwin ann

noon.

The cavalry, which

troops E and G of the

to return late today, a

locate the trail of the

"The mission for w

were ordered into Mex

accomplished," Gen. J

I have ordered the m

In their trip at

crossed the line at

fifty miles southeast

the Southern Pacific r

F at Fabens, thirty

here in the same dire

Bandits' Old Ha

Fabens, is opposite

which Francisco Vil

and Martin Lopez n

quarters before the

June 14, and over w

chased in route by t

under command of

Thompson, which wa

them.

Andreas G. Garcia,

general here announ

(Continued on page